THE LIMA NEWS.

VOL. II. NO. 202. LIMA, OHIO, MONDAY, JULY 18, 1898. PRICE { PER WEEK, 10 CENTS / SINGLE COPIES, 2 CENTS

ON TO PUERTO RICO!

Troops Expected to Land on the Island Inside of

Ten Days--Word Sent to Camps at Chickamauga and Tampa

To be Ready to Move Within An Hour's Notice---The First Expedition Will Consist of 30,000 Soldiers---General Miles Will Move on to San Juan.

Special to The News:

Washington, D. C., July 18.---The government expects to put 30,000 men in the Puerto Rico expedition, and it is said troops will land there inside of the next ten days. Both Generals Miller and Brooke will go, the latter being in immediate command. General Miles will go in an advisory character. General Coppinger, now at Tampa, has been ordered to have all troops ready to move in one hour's notice. Similar orders have been sent to the different camps.

Special to The News:

Santiago, July 18.---The artillery and troops are now being put aboard the transports. General Miles says he will move on to San Juan at once. Many of the regulars used in the attack on Santiago, and a large number of the volunteer regiments, many of which are now in Florida and other portions of the United States, will be taken with him. It is his idea to leave as many immune soldiers here as possible.

It is expected that Watson's squadron will get away immediately.

Special to The News:

Washington, D. C., July 18.---The news has reached the state department that Admiral Camara's plans include a trip to the United States, and it is his intention to bombard some of the less protected coast cities. He will divide his fleet, leaving a sufficient force in the ports of Spain to protect that country against an attack by any American fleet. This news is considered here as a big bluff.

Special to The News:

London, July 18.---The Times this morning, in commenting on the Santiago affair, says the terms agreed upon were honorable to both combatants, and that there is not the slightest doubt but that troops possessed of such great fighting capacity as the Americans have shown, could at any time, have stormed Santiago. The American navy have displayed conspicuous ability.

Washington, July 18.---The United States will establish a custom house at Santiago and collect revenue as a war contribution. It is probable that the custom house will be open and ready for business by tomorrow morning.

Washington, July 18.--General Duffield is sick with yellow fever at Santiago. It is reported to the Secretary of War that he is doing nicely and feeling much better.

WM. J. BRYAN

And Regiment Left Omaha This Afternoon For Chickamauga.

Special to The News:

Omaha, July 18.—William Jennings Bryan and regiment will leave for Jacksonville at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The regiment goes by three routes, and Mr. Bryan and staff will go via Chicago.

SAMPSON'S REPORT

On the Famous Battle at Santiago on Its Way to Washington.

Washington, July 18.—Admiral Sampson's report of the Santiago battle is not yet in, although it has been more than two weeks since the famous fight occurred. The report is on its way, however.

YELLOW FEVER.

Three New Cases and One Death in American Army During the Last 24 Hours.

Special to The News.

Washington, July 18.—There have been three new cases of yellow fever and one death at Santiago in the American army in the last 24 hours.

Official advice from Santiago place the number of fever cases at 300 or less. The surgeon-general considers the situation less serious that at first feared.

MRS. ROCKWELL DEAD.

Special to The News

Athens, July 18.—Mrs. Rockwell, wife of the United States minister to Greece, died yesterday of typhoid fever.

COUNCIL OF WAR.

Proposed Invasion of Porto Rico and the Dispatch of Watson's Squadron to Spain Considered.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—A council of war was begun at the white house at 10:15 o'clock Saturday morning. There were present Secretaries Alger and Long and the members of the war board, consisting of Rr. Adm. Sicard, Capt. Crowninshield and Capt. Mahan.

It is supposed that the proposed invasion of Porto Rico and the dispatch of Watson's squadron to the coast of Spain were under consideration.

COMMODORE WATSON.

Secretary Alger, after the conference, said that the government was entirely satisfied with the conditions in and around Santiago, and there was no longer doubt of the surrender of Toral and his army was final and complete.

"They have unconditionally accepted our terms," added the secretary, "and the next thing is to provide ships to send the prisoners back to Spain. We will advertise at once for ships to be used as transports. The Spaniards will retain their side arms. That is always customary, and it is the only concession made to Toral."

Texas Grain and Cotton Crop Damaged.

DALLAS, Tex., July 18.—A number of the counties of northern Texas have been swept by a terrific hail and wind storm. In Bosque county John McLain was killed. In Johnson county Mrs. Julia Rucker was fatally injured. Great damage was done to the grain and cotton crops.

Veteran of Two Wars Dead.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Benjamin M. Culbertson, a veteran of two wars, died Sunday. He was born in Wellsburg, W. Va., and removed to Steubenville, O., when a boy. He enlisted in the army from Ohio when the war with Mexico broke out, and served throughout the conflict under George W. McCook. During the civil war he was a member of Company E, 53d Ohio volunteers.

ZOLA'S FINE.

Special to The News.

Paris, July 18.—Zola and Perreaux were today sentenced to one year imprisonment each, and to pay a fine of three thousand francs apiece and to defray the costs of the suit.

AMERICAN FLAG.

Old Glory Triumphantly Floats Over the Captain General's Palace.

SALUTE OF TWENTY-ONE GUNS FIRED.

The Spanish Troops Stack Their Arms Between the Lines With Impressive Ceremonies.

Gen. McKibbon Acting Military Governor of Santiago—The Harbor Cleared of Mines and Torpedoes—13th and 9th Infantry to Guard.

Special to The News:

IN FRONT OF SANTIAGO, July 18, via Guantanamo Bay.—Old Glory is now floating over the fortifications of Santiago.

At 9 o'clock Sunday morning the Spanish troops under command of Gen. Toral left their trenches and marched into the American lines, where one by one the regiments laid down their arms. At the same time the Spanish flag was hauled down and the stars and stripes hoisted in its place.

The work of loading the Spanish prisoners on transports preparatory to sending them back to Spain will be commenced as soon as ships are provided.

The authorities at Washington have been urged to use haste in this matter. It has been suggested to use Spanish transports for the work, fear being expressed that the use of American vessels would result in rendering them dangerous for use in moving American troops on account of the exposure of the Spaniards to yellow fever.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Gen. Greely, chief signal officer, at 11:02 a. m. received the first word of the formal surrender of Santiago to the American forces. His advices came from the signal officer at Santiago and said that the Spanish troops left the trenches and marched out Sunday morning, laying down their arms. The Spanish flag was hauled down.

The war department posted the following bulletin at 5:15 p. m. Sunday:

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 18.—Adjutant General United States Army:—I have the honor to announce that the American flag has been this instant, 12 o'clock noon, hoisted over the house of the civil government in the city of Santiago. An immense concourse of people present. A squad of cavalry and a regiment of infantry presenting arms and band playing national airs. Light battery fired salute 21 guns. Perfect order is being maintained by municipal government. Distress is very great, but little sickness in town. Scarcely any yellow fever.

A small gunboat and about 200 seamen left by Cervera have surrendered to me. Obstructions are being removed from mouth of harbor. Upon coming into the city I discovered a perfect entanglement of defenses. Fighting as the Spaniards did the first day it would have cost five thousand lives to have taken it. Battalions of Spanish troops have been depositing arms since daylight in armory, over which I have guard. Gen. Toral formally surrendered the plaza and all stores at 9 a.m. (Signed)

W. R. SHAFTER, Major General.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 18.—Amid impressive ceremonies the Spanish troops laid down their arms between the lines of the Spanish and American forces at 9 o'clock Sunday morning.

Gen. Shafter and the American division and brigade commanders and their staffs were escorted by a troop of cavalry and Gen. Toral and his staff by 100 picked men.

Trumpeters on both sides saluted with flourishes.

Gen. Shafter returned to Gen. Toral the latter's sword after it had been handed to the American commander.

Our troops, lined up at the trenches, were eye witnesses of the ceremony. Gen. Shafter and his escort, accompanied by Gen. Toral, rode through the city, taking formal possession.

The city had been sacked before they arrived by the Spaniards.

At the palace elaborate ceremonies took place. Exactly at noon the American flag was raised over the palace and was saluted by 21 guns by Capt. Capron's battery. At the same time all the regimental bands in our line played "The Star-Spangled Banner," after which President McKinley's congratulatory telegram was read to each regiment.

The 13th and 9th regiments of infantry will remain in the city to enforce order and exercise municipal authority. The Spanish forces are to encamp outside of our lines.

SANTIAGO, Cuba, July 18.—The American flag is floating in triumph over the governor's palace at Santiago de Cuba. Gen. McKibbon has been appointed temporary military governor.

The ceremony of hoisting the stars and stripes was worth all the blood and treasure it cost. A vast concourse of 10,000 people witnessed the stirring and thrilling scene that will live forever in the minds of all Americans present. A finer stage setting for a dramatic episode it would be difficult to imagine. The palace, a picturesque old dwelling in the Moorish style of architecture, faces the Plaza de La Reina, the principal public square. Opposite rises the imposing Catholic cathedral. On one side is a quaint brilliantly painted building with broad verandas—the club of San Carlos, on the other, a building of much the same description is the Cafe de La Venus.

Across the plaza was drawn up the 9th infantry, headed by the 6th cavalry band. In the street facing the palace stood a picked troop of the 2d cavalry, with drawn sabers, under command of Capt. Brett. Massed on the stone flagging between the band and the line of horsemen were the brigade commanders of Gen. Shafter's division with their staffs.

On the red-tiled roof of the palace stood Capt. McKittrick, Lieut. Miley and Lieut. Wheeler, immediately above them, upon the flagstaff, the illuminated Spanish arms and the legend, "Vive Alfonso XIII." All about, pressing against the veranda rails, crowding to windows and doors and lining the roofs, were the people of the town, principally women and noncombatants. As the chimes of the old cathedral rang out the hour of 12 the infantry and cavalry presented arms. Every American uncovered, and Capt. McKittrick hoisted the stars and stripes. As the brilliant folds unfurled in a gentle breeze against a fleckless sky, the cavalry band broke into the strains of "The Star Spangled Banner," making the American pulse leap and the American heart thrill with joy.

At the same instant the sound of the distant booming of Capt. Capron's battery, firing a salute of 21 guns, drifted in. When the music ceased from all directions around our line came floating across the plaza the strains of the regimental bands and the muffled, hoarse cheers of our troops. The infantry came to "order arms" a moment later, after the flag was up, and the band played "Rally Round the Flag, Boys." Instantly Gen. McKibbon called for three cheers for Gen. Shafter, which were given with great enthusiasm, the band playing Sousa's "The Stars and Stripes Forever." The ceremony over, Gen. Shafter and his staff returned to the American lines, leaving the city in the possession of the municipal authorities, subject to the control of Gen. McKibbon.

Gen. Toral, the white-haired commander of the Spanish forces, is utterly heart-broken. He spoke bitterly of the fate which compelled him to sue for peace, but had no word to say against the gallant men who had conquered his army. He declared that he had little chance to win. "I would not desire to see my worst enemy play with the cards I held," he said to one of the commissioners. "Every one of my generals was killed or wounded. I had not a single colonel left and was surrounded by a powerful enemy. We have counted 67 ships off this port.

"And, besides," he concluded, wearily waving his hands towards the city, "I have secret troubles there."

Speaking of the battle of June 24, in which the "rough riders" and a part of

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STILL SHE WAVES.

THEY CAPITULATE.

The Surrender of Gen. Toral's Army at Santiago Absolute and Complete.

COMMISSIONERS SIGN THE AGREEMENT

All the Spanish Troops in the Province Except Gen. Luques' Command Are Included.

All Guns and Defenses to Be Turned Over to the Americans in Good Condition—All Spaniards to Be Sent Home by America.

Special to The News:

NEW YORK, July 18.—A special dispatch from Santiago published here Saturday afternoon, gives the following as the terms of surrender of the Spanish forces under Gen. Toral:

The 20,000 refugees at Caney and Siboney are to be turned back into the city. An American infantry patrol is to be posted in the roads surrounding the city. Our hospital corps is to give attention to any possible sick and wounded among the Spanish soldiers in Santiago. All the Spanish troops in the province, except Gen. Luques 10,000 at Holguin, are to come to the city to surrender. The guns and defenses of the city are to be turned over to the Americans in good condition. The Americans are to have full use of the Juragua railway which belongs to the Spanish government. All Spaniards are to be conveyed home by American transports with the least possible delay, and they are permitted to take portable church property with them.

The Spanish are to surrender their arms.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The war department has posted the following:

PLAYA DEL ESTE, near Santiago, July 18.—The following letter has just been received:

"Santiago de Cuba, July 16.—To His Excellency, Commander-in-Chief American Forces—Excellent Sir:—I am now authorized by my government to capitulate. I have the honor to so apprise you and requesting that you designate hour and place where my representatives shall appear to compare with those of your excellency to effect the articles of capitulation on the basis of what has been agreed upon to this date in due time. I wish to manifest my desire to know the resolutions of the United States government respecting the return of the army, so as to note on the capitulations. Also the great courtesy of your great graces and return for the great generosity and impulse for the Spanish soldiers and allow them to return to the Peninsula with the honors the American army do them the honor to acknowledge as dutifully descended.

[Signed] JOSE TORAL, General,
Commanding 4th Army Corps.

"To Gen. Shafter, Commanding American forces."

SEAMEN'S GENEROSITY.

Subscriptions for the Wife of George H. Ellis, the Only Man Killed on Our Side in the Naval Battle.

SANTIAGO, July 18.—The open handed generosity of the American seamen was shown Saturday, when a subscription was opened on Commodore Schley's flagship, the Brooklyn, for the benefit of the young wife of George Henry Ellis, the only man killed on the American side during the battle with Adm. Cervera's fleet. The men eagerly offered their money, many whose salaries are but seventeen and eighteen dollars a month, giving twenty and twenty-five dollars. The subscription amounted to $907 in a short time, and then one seaman who had a silver coin taken from one of the Spanish vessels offered it for sale for the benefit of the fund, and it was bid in by another seaman for $25.

Lieut. Commander Mason offered a five peseta piece from the Infanta Maria Teresa and its auction brought $60 more. The fund Sunday night amounted to over $1,000.

Sixteen New Cases, One Death.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The war department posted the following at 10:30 a. m. Sunday.

SIBONEY, via Hayti, July 16, 1898.

STERNBERG, Washington:—Sixteen new cases past 24 hours; one death. Sanitary measures rigid.

GREENLEAF,
Chief Surgeon.

Porto Rico and Spain Next.

PLAYA DEL ESTE, July 18.—Watson's squadron is preparing to go to Spain, and several vessels are preparing for the expedition to Porto Rico. The auxiliary cruiser Yale with Gen. Miles will probably leave Porto Rico in the course of a day or two. Gen. Miles says a sufficient force will be sent to the island at once to take and hold it.

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SENSATIONAL ARREST!

Made at Five O'clock This Afternoon.

R. A. HICKEY IN A BAD LIGHT

One of The Most Startling Discoveries Made in the Business History of Lima For Years---Preliminary Hearing Late This Afternoon,

EVERYONE ASTOUNDED!

Other Arrests Will Follow in a Few Days and Most Sensational Developments are Looked for---Affairs of the Lima Machine Co. Badly Confused---Details of the Embezzlement.

One of the most astounding and sensational experiences in the history of the city of Lima for years was developed here today when R. A. Hickey, one of the best known business men in the city was arrested and charged with embezzleing one thousand dollars of the money of the Lima Locomotive and Machine Co.

The arrest was made late this afternoon, Hickey was arraigned in Squire Mowen's court and pleaded not guilty to the charge. He was represented by Attorney Motter, while Attorney Brice represented the Machine Co.

Hicky was bound over and will have a preliminary hearing one week from tomorrow. The case is a most remarkable one and this discovery coming at this time has created a most profound sensation, and the story of the crime was in every one's mouth tonight.

The arrest, while it was a great surprise and created universal comment is a natural sequence of events.

For some months it has been quietly whispered about that all was not well in the affairs of the Lima Machine Co. and for a long time several persons have been eyed suspiciously in the matter. Nothing has been said for some time, however, and the interest and suspicion have partialy died out.

Hickey's arrest at this time however will probably be the means of unearthing many sensational developments which will shake this old town from turret to foundation stone. There are many others associated in the works with Hickey, and some have not been above suspicion. It was given out today that there would be several arrested before the end of the week. The affairs of the Machine Co. are somewhat confused, and it is not known just exactly what amounts have been taken, it is an assured fact that enough has been done however.

R. A. Hickey is one of Lima's best known citizens and until this time one of its most respected. He has been secretary of the school board, and last spring was a candidate for justice of the peace.

He is a married man and has an interesting family and lives on Harrison avenue. It is to be hoped for their sakes that he can establish his innocence and regain the confidence and esteem of his neighbors and fellow citizens.

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CHINESE IN MANILA.

They Are Influential and for That Reason Disliked.

Their Thrifty Ways and Saving Tendency a Source of Grievance to the Spaniards, Who Hold Them in Great Contempt.

Forming as they do a very large proportion of the population, nearly equal to that of the natives themselves, and having by their industry and business ability sustained the fame of Manila as a commercial port, they are a thorn in the side of the Spanish mercantile class, aside from the conventional dislike extended by the latter toward all foreigners. Being commercial by nature, and having realized the good policy of keeping their word in business matters, in contrast with the everlasting procrastinating and "manana"-ing of the Spaniards, they have built up a large business with the English and American houses, who infinitely prefer to deal with them rather than with the owners of the soil. Their thrifty ways and tendency to save money and send it home to China rather than to spend it where they are is another source of grievance to the haughty "Espanoles."

Then their ability and willingness to perform every kind of manual labor, from carpentering, shoemaking, etc., to coolie work, from morning to night at the lowest of wages is a cause of envious irritation to the indolent native "Filipinos," and a constant feud is waged between the two races, which has been handed down for generations. In a street fight, however, I have noticed that the "Filipino" is very apt to come out ahead, although many of the coolies have the most superb muscular development which I have ever seen.

Long ago, according to history, a fleet of Chinese junks, under the famous pirate chief Li Ma Hong, bore down on Manila with the intention of capturing it and its many treasures. The little garrison in the fort defended it with a gallantry such as Spaniards can and will display when in desperation, and Li Ma Hong, possessing no "petroleum shells," and a storm coming up providentially, the fleet was ingloriously defeated. Some of the junks went ashore on the northern coast of the island, and there is to-day a curious race of so-called Chinese "Igorotes," or savages, living in the fastnesses of the mountains, and supposed to be the descendants of the shipwrecked pirates. A certain day in January is the anniversary of the fight, and on that day hardly a Chinaman in Manila dares show himself out of doors, for every small boy, native or Spaniard, feels in duty bound to "heave a rock" at him.

Whenever there is a big fire in the town, it is always assumed that the Chinese have set it, and they are very scarce in the streets while the conflagration lasts, for tacit instructions would seem to have been given on these occasions to the effect that "if you see a Chinaman hit him."

Early in the spring of 1893 the Spanish iron steamer San Juan sailed from Hong-Kong for Manila with a cargo largely composed of kerosene, which had been carefully stowed as near the boilers as possible, and on deck, where the some 300 Chinese coolies who composed the passenger list could sit on the cases and knock the embers from their pipes against them. It is not surprising that the ship took fire when just within sight of Luzon, and the Spanish captain, with most of his officers, promptly took to the boats and pulled for the shore, leaving a raging, shrieking mass of Chinese shrieking at them from the doomed vessel, for no provision is made on these steamers for the safety of the coolies in case of accident. In a few minutes the San Juan was afire from stem to stern. As many as could climbed the masts, only to fall back suffocated into the blazing furnace below. Even the most merciful death of drowning was denied them, for the sea was alive with sharks, attracted by the glare, swarming around the ship as mackerel swarm around a bucketful of "gurry."

Thirty-six hours later another steamer sighted the wreck and bore down to the rescue. Out of the original 300 some 80 wretched creatures were found alive, clinging to the big gangway which hung over the side, and to the stern davits and boat tackle, with the iron hull of the steamer red-hot in places, and the sharks leaping at them. The rescuing boats had literally to fight their way through the ravenous brutes.

I saw the survivors as they were landed, and a discouraged-looking lot they were. The San Juan, an empty, scorched hull, was towed in and anchored in the mouth of the river to cool off until the 70,000 Mexican dollars in her bottom could be dug out of the debris, a melted mass. And not an expression of regret did I hear from any of my "Chino" friends over the disaster to their countrymen. "Pah! coolies!" was all they said.—Boston Transcript.

Raspberry Shortcake.

To three cupfuls of flour add two spoonfuls of baking powder. Sift twice, then rub into the flour a piece of butter the size of a small egg. When well mixed stir in enough milk to make a soft dough. Bake in jelly tins, half filling each pan, and having a very hot oven. When the crust is a delicate brown, remove from the pans, and with a sharp, heated knife, cut through each cake, splitting into halves. Butter each half and spread raspberries—which have been sugared an hour earlier—between the layers. Serve warm with cream.—Good Housekeeping.

SNOWY WHITE GOWNS.

Pretty Ways of Making Them Gathered from Those Worn by Graduates.

White gowns, which are to rage all summer, are being made up by city tailors and dressmakers in crepe de chine, India silk, batiste, mousseline de soie, grenadine and barege, for watering place dresses, for summer fetes, dinners and evening toilets, and in plain and embroidered muslins, lawns, linens, veilings, serges, mohair, piques and etamines for wear throughout the day. One of the fancies already noted is that of making white over the very fashionable Spanish yellow (in spite of the war), as, for instance, white crepe de chine over yellow satin. A dress of this coloring just made for a tall, brilliant brunette is composed of two kinds of the crepe de chine, one deeply crinkled and wrought with heavy silky threads, the other plain. The latter is used for the tucked and sherred portions of the gown, which is made up over a very elegent princess slip of Spanish yellow satin, cut half low in the neck, with only a slight crescent-shaped sleeve-puff on the shoulders. The yoke and sleeves proper are made entirely of lace of exquisitely fine pattern. The lustrous, beautiful satin gleams through the lace and the semitransparent crepe, giving it a lovely iridescent effect. A fine knife-plaited flounce of the satin is added to the foundation skirt, and the bottom of the crepe de chine skirt has a ruche of the crepe and satin plaited up together as a finish. A narrow, very elegant belt of fine cut emerald, topaz and onyx stones, rimmed with creamy mock opals and joined by links in gold filigree, will be worn with this handsome toilet.

Nuns' veiling, crepe de chine, and a very handsome chiffon, soft as India silk, but as heavy as crepe, are among the popular fabrics used for the snowy gowns for the sweet girl graduates this year. Full-fledged college girls have in many cases elected for very elaborate gowns of mousseline de soie over white silk, richly garnitured with point de Venice, Mechlin-Valenciennes or other handsome lace, in the form of yokes, guimpes, Eton or mikado jackets, berthas and the like, with satin sashes at the waist and shoulder trimmings of ribbon and lace combined. But the beauty of these gowns lies really in their quaint simplicity, and the wise and tasteful leaders of a famed school prohibited the use of lace-pearled gimps, and all other elaborate garnitures, permitting only ribbon and flower decorations on gowns for the graduates. White China silk, white India mull, organdie, chiffon and French batiste were among the material allowed, and sashes to match, carried twice around the waist and gracefully fastened at the back, accompanied very many of these exceedingly pretty dresses. A crepe de chine gown for a slender, graceful girl, with rich, brown hair and eyes to match, had a dainty high waist of the crepe de chine made over a low lining of silk, arranged in mingled tucks and shirring. The waist fastened at the back, and was banded across both front and back with satin ribbon, each band having a bow with graceful upturned loops. The unlined sleeves were puffed and finished with ribbon bracelets from waist to shoulder puff. The demi-trained skirt was trimmed with frills, bordered with the satin ribbon. At the class dinner the pink and white class colors were charmingly in evidence upon the dresses of white India waists half low in the neck, but filled out to the fashionable height, with guimpes of soft Venetian net and berthas of matching lace. One class of young graduates, listening to the baccalaureate sermon, will wear white India mull or batiste dresses and large, round hats of white chip, with trimmings of white chiffon shirred over silk cords, and clusters of pink tea roses.—N. Y. Post.

A Cruel Blow.

The late Benjamin F. Brewster, President Arthur's attorney-general, whose face was terribly disfigured by scars, was once engaged in a case as attorney for the Pennsylvania railroad, and the opposing counsel, in his closing speech, made a most brutal attack on him. "The dealings of the railroad," he said, "are as tortuous and twisted as the features of the man who represented it." Mr. Brewster gave no outward sign that he felt this cruel blow until he had finished his argument. Then he said: "For the first time in my life the personal defect from which I suffer has been the subject of public remark. I will tell you how I came by it. When I was five years of age I was one day playing with a younger sister, when she fell into an open grate, where a fire was burning. I sprang to her assistance, dragged her from danger, and in so doing I fell myself, with my face upon the burning coals. When I was picked up my face was as black"—and his finger transfixed his antagonist—"as that man's heart."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Rhubarb Flummery.

Soak a quarter of an ounce of isinglass or gelatine in three tablespoonfuls of cold water for an hour. Cut up in the meantime 1½ pounds of young rhubarb into small pieces, and simmer this in as much cold water as will barely cover it until it is quite soft. Drain off the juice, put it into a saucepan with the soaked gelatine and stir until the gelatine is quite dissolved. Rub the fruit through a sieve, mix the pulp with the gelatine and add four tablespoonfuls of thick cream. Sweeten according to taste. Stir the flummery over the fire for a few minutes, but do not allow it to boil; pour it into a damped basin and let it stand in a cool place to set, then turn it on to a glass dish and send it to the table with a custard poured round it.—Boston Globe.

IT WILL SOON BE OVER

Our War with Spain Will End Within the Year.

This Is the Opinion of Diplomats Who Believe Spain Will Surrender—Modern Conflicts of Short Duration.

Before the year 1899 the war between the United States and Spain will be at an end. This is the opinion of the members of the diplomatic corps. The opinion is not based on any negotiations in progress for interference by the concert of powers. Since Great Britain has refused to take any part in such negotiations that plan has died, and there is little talk of it in any quarter. It is precedent that leads to a belief that the war will not be prolonged.

"Modern war is too expensive a luxury to be indulged in for any length of time," said a diplomat the other day. "The strain entailed and the drain on the resources of the contending countries is too great to be endured indefinitely. Enormous preparations are necessary, and a great outlay is involved. The stronger nation may be able to stand this for a few months, but however great may be the pluck of the weaker party, it must quickly come to the end of its rope. Spain's pluck at present is no greater than was that of Greece in the war between Greece and Turkey, yet the Greeks, though vowing that they would never submit, were forced to succumb to the inevitable.

"Somewhat analogous was the war between Japan and China. Those who knew nothing of modern warfare believed the war would last for years, yet it continued for but a twelvemonth, and but three battles of importance were fought. It was not the defeat of the Chinese so much as their awakening to a realization of the futility of their opposition to the inevitable that brought the war to a close.

"The other wars of the past generation have also been short. In Turkey's struggle with Russia the Russians were within sight of Constantinople before the end of a year, when the British fleet appeared upon the scene. The Franco-Prussian war was another short, sharp struggle. France was the weaker power, and battles and sieges following in quick succession proved to her that she was inferior to the Germans. The French at first thought themselves certain of success, and then resolved never to surrender, but the capture of Paris was a staggering blow, and the French willingly concluded a humiliating peace, involving not only the loss of territory, but the payment of an indemnity of enormous proportions to the conquerors. Prussia and Austria fought only seven weeks in 1866, when the great battle of Sadowa crushed the latter's power. The Crimean war was longer, lasting two years.

"The experience of the United States is also interesting. The war of 1812 lasted three years, that with Mexico two years, and the rebellion was not suppressed for four years. These were not long wars, but yet longer than the more recent struggles. The evolution of warfare with its new and powerful agencies has had the effect of shortening the contests. Each century has shown not only improvement in methods of warfare, but a constant shortening of the duration of wars. The wars of Napoleon turned Europe into an armed camp for 15 years, but the separate decisive campaigns were short. Wars were longer in the eighteenth century than in the nineteenth, and longer in the seventeenth than in the eighteenth; longer in the sixteenth than in the seventeenth, and so on. The English civil war lasted for 18 years. Spain and the Netherlands fought for 42 years, France and England fought for a whole century, and the crusaders engaged the Saracens for two centuries.

"War is no longer a business of nations, even though they make more of a business of getting ready for it and spend vastly more treasure in the preparation. Steam and electricity have facilitated military movements. Forts are no longer impregnable, nor may bands hold mountain fastnesses against a large and determined army. A single projectile may sink a ship and one engagement may exhaust the losing nation.

"The change in the financial methods of conducting warfare has had much to do with this shortening. Not only are the wars far more costly, but the terms imposed mean financial ruin in a long war. Not only must the loser bear all of her own expenses, but the custom now is to make her indemnify the victorious nation for the amount that it cost to give her a good beating. Each day of fighting means double expense, and with certain defeat staring her in the face the financiers are apt to bring the generals to reason.

"There is no doubt of Spain's truth when she says that she is going to fight to the last ditch, but the limit will be reached. The sending out of privateers is talked of. This would be most foolish. It would be opposed by all Europe, even by her friends, and if she did great damage to American shipping and commerce she would have to pay for it.

"There is nothing more certain than that the weak and impoverished nation is clearly outmatched and will soon be unable to continue the war. Even if she be so blind, her advisers know what the outcome is sure to be, and are ready to advise her at the first opportunity to surrender and make the best terms possible. The war will end long before the United States sends a fleet to Spain."—Chicago Times-Herald.

WAR GAGS.

A Few That the Present Conflict Has Brought Forth

The war with Spain has been a great boon to vaudeville comedians, who have tried to outdo each other in the springing of new and timely remarks on the question of the hour. Some of the jokes made at the expense of poor Spain are very bad, and others are so good that they save bad acts from a well-deserved fate, says the Dramatic Mirror.

Here are a few of the hundreds heard recently in our theaters:

"Can you tell me the quickest way to get to the nearest hospital?" "Yes, stand out there on the corner and shout: 'Three cheers for Spain.'"

"Did you know that the Seventh regiment had been called out by the governor to do war duty?" "No; where have they been sent to?" "Down to the aquarium at the Battery to watch the Spanish mackerel. The authorities are afraid they will break out of their tanks and attack the star fish and the striped bass."

"Ice cream will be cheap this summer." "Why?" "We've taken Manila, where the manila ice cream comes from." (N. B.—This gag is always told in Dutch dialect, and was started by Weber and Fields.)

"Your name is Spain!" has taken the place of "your name is mud," since it was introduced at Keith's by Grace George in Charles Dickson's sketch, Jealousy.

"I have just received a dispatch from McKinley saying that Havana will be bombarded, and that they will send seven war vessels to Morro to-day." (This is one of George Evans' little jokes.)

"I am a great patriot, and now that the president has called for volunteers I will be among the first to march to the dock—to see the boys off." (Originated by John W. Ransome, and used by 500 others.)

"I hope they won't throw any bombs into New York; we have more bums here now than we can take care of." (Press Eldridge.)

"I don't approve of the publication of the plans of our warships. It gives the enemy an unfair advantage. The plans of our submarine boat Holland were published, showing how she can go under water and remain there, and what is the consequence? The Spaniards now have 13 warships at the bottom of Manila bay." (George W. Day.)

"The Sixty-ninth regiment (known as the Irish regiment) have refused to go to Cuba." "Is that so?" "Yes—they are afraid of catching the yellow fever, which would make them all orangemen."

Hundreds of other gags might be quoted, but these will show the method of treating the war question adopted by the comedians of the vaudeville stage.

Dewey's name has been twisted into a thousand shapes to fit remarks made by various comic men, and the gags nearly always make hits.

The craze will soon die out, however, as it is being overworked, and audiences are becoming tired of hearing the changes rung on the war topic. It would not be so bad if every comedian had individual gags, but the same jokes are heard over and over again until they become wearisome.

THE GRAND OLD MAN.

Gladstone Was Never Charged with Political Dishonesty.

It should be remarked that in all this change of front, in all this seeming vacillation or indecision on the part of Mr. Gladstone, he never was charged with political dishonesty; he was never suspected of changing his politics or political decision for any other than a sincere motive—a suspicion that probably no other man that ever lived could have escaped. He was conservative towards all new movements, but willing to aid as fast as public demand seemed to justify them. He was the very embodiment of the doctrine enunciated by Lincoln in his famous remark to Wendell Phillips when the latter was expressing his impatience with Lincoln in not declaring for the abolition of slavery. Lincoln said: "Mr. Phillips, my position is different from yours. Your function is to make public opinion; mine is to use it. Go on and make public opinion and I will use it as fast as you can make it." Gladstone was a user of public opinion. He was preeminently a man of the century, who was never sufficiently anchored to an idea to become an obstructionist after a sufficient public demand was expressed for it. He is a monumental example of a great man with conservatism enough seldom to be rash, but with human sympathy, political elasticity, and active mentally enough to always jump upon the progressive van of political advance and aid in the accomplishment of whatever freedom it seemed safe to give. Having once espoused a progressive movement, he never turned back.—Gunton's Magazine.

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C., H. & D. R. R.

In effect July 10, 1898, at 4:45 o'clock a. m.

No.		
	SOUTH.	
7	arrives daily	2:27 a m
7	leaves "	2:32 a m
31	" " except Sunday.	3:45 a m
1	arrives " " "	9:40 a m
1	leaves " " "	9:45 a m
5	arrives "	12:30 p m
5	leaves "	12:35 p m
3	arrives "	4:00 p m
3	leaves "	4:05 p m
13	arrives "	9:50 p m
61	Sunday only, leaves	7:45 a m
	NORTH.	
2	arrives daily, except Sunday	8:20 a m
2	leaves "	8:25 a m
14	leaves "	5:55 a m
4	arrives "	11:40 p m
4	leaves "	11:55 p m
6	arrives " except Sunday	4:30 p m
6	leaves " " "	4:35 p m
10	arrives "	9:00 p m
12	arrives "	1:25 a m
12	leaves "	1:35 a m
60	Sunday only, arrives	7:10 a m
60	" " leaves	7:13 a m
62	" " arrives	10:20 p m

P., Ft. W. & C. R. R

New Time Card, taking Effect June 26, 1898.

No.		
	EAST FROM LIMA.	
4.	Daily	7:35 a m
6.	Daily	8:30 a m
36.	Daily except Sunday	11:25 a m
20.	Daily except Sunday	3:15 p m
8.	Daily	9:30 p m
2.	Daily	10:50 p m
	WEST FROM LIMA	
15.	Daily	2:00 a m
5.	Daily	8:25 a m
39.	Daily except Sunday	9:50 a m
9.	Daily	2:50 p m
35.	Daily except Sunday	6:10 p m

L. E. & W. R. R.

In effect Sept. 5, 1897.

No.		
	WEST.	
1	arrives	9:40 a m
1	depart	9:50 a m
3	arrives	2:25 a m
3	depart	2:45 p m
5	arrives	4:45 p m
129	Minster accommodat'n, leaves	4:50 p m
	EAST.	
6	leaves	7:20 a m
4	arrives	1:25 p m
4	leaves	1:45 p m
2	arrives	7:15 p m
2	leaves	7:30 p m
128	Minster accommoda'n, arrives	3:10 p m

D. & L. N. R. R.

No.		
	GOING NORTH.	
6	Vestibuled express, daily ex. Sun.	11:30 a.m
2	Daily	6:15 a.m
8	leaves daily, Napoleon and Bellefontaine accommodation	6:48 p.m
	GOING SOUTH.	
5	leaves daily, Napoleon and Bellefontaine accommodation.	7:15 a.m
1	Daily ex. Sunday	1:22 p.m
3	Express, daily ex. Sunday	7:45 p.m
7	Sunday only	12:20 a.m

ERIE R. R.

In effect June 26, 1898.

No.	WEST.	DEPART
5	Vestibule limited, daily for Chicago and the West.	11.22 a m
3	Pacific express, daily for Chicago and the West	1:12 a m
1	Express, daily except Sunday, for Chicago and the West	9:10 a m
31	Local freight, daily ex. Sunday.	7:00 a m
13	Wells-Fargo limi'd express, daily except Monday	4.59 p m
	EAST.	
8	Vestibule limited, daily for New York and Boston	9:02 p m
2	Express, daily except Sunday	3:24 p m
12	Express, daily for New York	3:41 a m
32	Local freight, daily ex. Sunday..	7.00 a m

OHIO SOUTHERN R. R.

In effect May 23, 1898.

TRAINS SOUTH.	TRAINS NORTH
No. 1 leaves 3.15 a m	No. 2 arrives 1.05 a m
No. 3 leaves 3.30 p m	No. 4 arrives 9:20 p m

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LIMA DAILY NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON
(EXCEPT SUNDAY)

E. W. JACKSON, President.
J. H. FINNELL L. S. GALVIN
Editors and Managers.

No. 316 NORTH MAIN STREET

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NOTICE.

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THE NEWS

Can be found on sale at the following places:

C W HEISTER, DRUG STORE, 58 Public Square.

THOMAS JONES' GROCERY, corner Main and Kibby streets.

MELVILLE'S DRUG STORE, corner Main and High streets.

AQUARIUM CIGAR STORE, No 75 Public Square.

D CRAMER'S DRUG STORE, corner Main and Kibby streets.

COLUMBIA is a gem of two or three oceans at least

ADMIRAL CERVERA seems to have made a mash on the American public.

PLANS are afoot even this early for the opening of the Republican state and congressional campaign, and, though the imprimatur of the executive committee has not yet been put on the plans, it is highly probable that, as last year, the old time opening will be a plural affair. But, while in 1897 there were three contemporaneous openings, in 1898 there will be twenty-one, that is, one in every congressional district.

FORTY-ONE SHIPS LOST.

In the ten weeks since war was declared, Spain has had forty-one of her ships captured or destroyed, and this with the death of only half a dozen and the wounding of less than a score of the seamen of the nation against which she is struggling—not a single one of whose ships has been disabled. Such is the present record of the nation with a naval history of 300 years behind her: which was once a great sea power, and held a commanding place among the ruling peoples of the earth. It is a record which shows at a glance the frightful decadence of the Spanish kingdom.

For the past century Spain has been almost constantly engaged in war, mainly with her own colonies. One might think that this experience would have taught her the art of war upon the sea, where most of the battles must have been fought. But the present war has demonstrated the fact that she is half a century behind the times so far as actual fighting capacity is concerned. Meanwhile the nation of peace—the nation that was the butt of the world's ridicule for its defenseless condition, has shown the older nations a few tricks which have made them stand in wonder. The secret of it is in the difference in the men of the two fleets. The Spanish sailors are machines, and not very good machines at that. They fight when driven to it, but they fight unskillfully and to their own undoing. The Americans, on the other hand, are fighters with all their heart, aggressive and full of fire. They hit what they shoot at, and when they hit the object of their marksmanship becomes demoralized. It is the old story of the Anglo-Saxon against the Latin race and the ending of that story is ever the same.

THE DEATH PENALTY.

The great state of New York will carry into effect the inexorable right claimed by organized society and execute the death penalty on a woman. At Sing Sing a first mortgage on the life of Martha Place will be foreclosed, as it were. This barbarism of olden times stalking forward out of its ancient darkness into the light of our own age stands as the crowning horror of the hour to shock the sensibilities of the best life when woman must give up her life to satisfy the selfish revenge of organized community.

The protection of society and the good of criminals themselves are the highest and only ends to be sought by a state in dealing with those who transgress the criminal code. The state of New York will rob a woman of her last earthly chance of reform and punish her crime with a crime. What does this commonwealth hope to gain? It is a significant fact proved by history that murder is less frequent where the stigma of legalized murder has been removed from the fair name of a state than elsewhere. This reproach against civilization has not been brought back in a single state where it has at any time been given up. This acme of human despotism reaches its climax when woman must give up her life as a penalty for crime. This surely clashes with the humanities of our times.

This barbaric spirit has a demoralizing effect on the public conscience. It is futile and inadequate as a deterrent of crime and corrective of evil. It is an illogical law, unjust to justice and unfair to the fair fame of enlightened government. Its alleged beneficial effects are false as to theory, belief and history. In the painless progress of our times the weal of humanity should demand the discontinuance of capital punishment. Shame to New York that for the sake of revenge she demands life for life of woman.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

AMERICAN FLAG.

Gen. Young's command participated, Gen. Toral said that less than 2,000 Spanish troops were engaged, his loss being 265. He would not say how many Spaniards were killed at El Caney and before Santiago. "Heavy! heavy!" he said, dejectedly

In response to an inquiry, he said that transportation would be required for between 22,000 and 25,000 men, there being that much of a force in the capitulated district. He informed the officers that Santiago harbor had been again mined since Adm Cervera left.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—At 11:05 o'clock Sunday night Adjt. Gen. Corbin made public the following dispatch from Gen. Shafter:

HEADQUARTERS U. S. ARMY, SANTIAGO, July 17.

To Adjutant General U. S. A. Washington:

My ordnance officers report about 7,000 rifles turned in Sunday and 600,000 cartridges. At the mouth of the harbor there are quite a number of fine modern guns about six inch; also two batteries of mountain guns, together with a saluting battery of 15 old bronze guns. Disarming and turning in will go on Monday. List of prisoners not yet taken.

SHAFTER,
Major General Commanding.

WHAT DO YOU WANT.

If you want help—a situation, have something to sell or rent, or if you wish to buy something, remember that a "want" in the NEWS costs much less than in any other paper and will bring you more answers than in all the other papers in the aggregate. If you want a girl, you are sure to find a good one through a "want" in THE NEWS. A lady had a want in the Times a week and got no girl She placed it in THE NEWS, and before 8 p. m. had several applications and secured a first-class girl.

Win your battles against disease by acting promptly. One Minute Cough Cure produces immediate results. When taken early it prevents consumption. And in later stages it furnishes prompt relief. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North.

MARKET REPORT.

CINCINNATI, July 18.

FLOUR—Spring fancy, $4.35@4.60, family, $3.85@4.15; spring patent, $4.75@5.05, winter patent, $4.10@4.90, fancy, $4.00@4.30; family, $3.50@3.75, extra, $3.00@3.25; low grade, $2.50@2.75, rye Northwestern, $3.75@3.90, do city, $2.75@4.00

WHEAT—Sample red, landing, 75c, No. 2 red old, track 78c; do new, track, 76c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow, track, 35c, No 2 mixed, track, 34c

OATS—No 2 mixed track, 25½c No 2 white (choice few), track 28c.

HOGS—Select shippers, $4.95@5.00, select butchers $4.90@4.95, fair to good packers, $4.80@4.90; fair to good light, $3.60@4.90; common and roughs $3.25@3.75

CATTLE—Fair to good shippers, $4.40@4.65; good to choice butchers, $4.25@4.35; fair to medium butchers, $3.25@4.15, common, $2.75@3.15.

SHEEP—Extras, $3.85@4.00; good to choice, $3.25@3.75; common to fair, $2.50@3.15

LAMBS—Extras, $6.05@6.25; good to choice, $5.25@6.00, common to fair, $4.25@5.00.

VEAL CALVES—Fair to good light, $6.00@6.50; common and large, $3.75@5.75.

CHICAGO, July 18.

WHEAT—July, 73¾c, August, 68⅝c; September, 67⅝@67¾c, December, 67½c.

CORN—July, 33¾c; September, 33⅝@34c; December, 34¼c; May, 36½c.

OATS—July, 23⅜c, September 19⅞c, May, 22½@22¾c.

BARLEY—Cash No 3, 30 to 35c.

RYE—July, 50c; August, 45½c, September, 46c.

The editor of the Evans City, Pa., Globe writes: "One Minute Cough Cure is rightly named. It saved my children after all other remedies failed." It cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles. H F. Vortkamp, northeast corner North and Main.

Free Tickets.

Free tickets to Hover Park auditorium with every pair of shoes at Gooding's, 230 north Main street.

When the delivery of the News is irregular please make complaint to the office. It would be a favor to the management.

STATE NEWS.

Wellston Man Badly Wounded in the Battle at Santiago.

Marion Woman's Awful Fate—New and Interesting Happenings Within Our Borders.

Special to The News.

SPRINGFIELD, O., July 18.—The recently constructed bicycle path between Springfield and South Charleston has been ruined by persons riding horseback over it. County Commissioner Hinckle says that next week the commissioners will begin an independent path near the fence and will build a ditch between it and the main road It will be constructed of crushed stone and will cost $125 per mile.

Wellston Man Badly Wounded.

WELLSTON, O., July 18.—James Fechet has just returned home from Santiago badly wounded in the side. Fechet was shot by a Mauser bullet in the assault on San Juan and has been sent north to recover. At the outbreak of the war he enlisted in the 6th regiment, United States cavalry, of which his father is colonel, and was sent ahead in a detail of soldiers several days before the invasion of Cuba.

By Convention.

COLUMBUS, O., July 18.—Nominations on the republican ticket will be made in Franklin county by convention this year, the same as last, in spite of the opposition to this plan manifested by many of the candidates. The county central committee met Sunday, at the call of Chairman McCafferty, and decided on July 29 as the day on which the primaries shall be held, while the convention will follow on July 30

Shirt Sleeves Permissible.

TOLEDO, O., July 18.—The Columbus Hocking Valley and Toledo railway Co., has issued a new order countermanding a former rule which did not allow male passengers to occupy with their coats off seats in the ladies' coaches. Now the gentleman passengers are permitted to sit in their shirt sleeves if they want to, and nobody dare say "seat"

Books in Good Shape.

COLUMBUS, O., July 18.—A committee of the Ohio Mine workers, appointed to examine the books of the state organization, finished its labors. It reports the finances of the organization in excellent condition. The receipts for the year were $3,891 and the disbursements $3,190, leaving a balance on hand of $701.

Woman's Awful Fate.

MARION, O., July 18.—Mrs George Keyes, who lives five miles east, was fatally injured in a runaway. Her horse wrecked the buggy by running into a fence and before Mrs. Keyes could get out the frantic animal had kicked her in the face, fracturing her skull and gouging one eye out.

Green Hay Causes a Big Fire.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 18.—The mammoth stock barn of Silas Shook and smaller buildings, near the city, burned at midnight. The fire was caused by spontaneous combustion of 100 tons of green hay. The residence was saved by the city chemical engine. Loss, $20,000; insurance, $3,000.

Wants Another Trial.

TOLEDO, O., July 18.—Receiver Wellington R. Burt, of the Ann Arbor railroad, and the railway company itself do not appear to be satisfied with the big verdict of $24,000 given by the jury in favor of the Ashleys, and a motion for a new trial has been filed by Receiver Burt.

Logan Union Reform.

LOGAN, O., July 18.—The union reform party, in convention here, put in nomination the following ticket: Auditor, C W. Cox; treasurer, T. W. James; recorder, Noah Powell; commissioner, P. W. Graham; infirmary director, J. P. Spahr.

Fine Wheat Yield.

SPRINGFIELD, O., July 18.—A superb yield of wheat is reported from the Kalenz farm, where it averaged over 80 bushels to the acre, weigeing 61½ pounds at the machine. The average over the county will be about 20 bushels to the acre.

Freights Collide.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 18.—Freight trains Nos. 96 and 269, on the Pittsburgh & Western, collided at Carbon, Pa. Conductor Newell was seriously injured and two brakemen badly hurt. The engines were smashed and several cars derailed.

Bought the Whole Lot.

EATON, O., July 18.—Rudolph Kleybolte & Co., of Cincinnati, purchased the entire lot of county building and bridge bonds offered for sale last Saturday, at a premium of $2,872

Fatally Shot by Tramps.

GALION, O., July 18.—Mike Hardeman, aged 39, single, was shot through the left lung while in a box car from Marion with tramps. He lives in Pittsburgh. He can not recover.

Hospital Train for Fort Thomas.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 18.—August Griepenstook, troop D, 1st cavalry who came to Fort McPherson with the last detachment of wounded men, is dead of heart failure. The others are doing well. The hospital train left Saturday for Fort Thomas, Ky.

Lieut. John Blandin Dead.

BALTIMORE, July 18.—Lieut. John J Blandin, who was officer of the deck on the Maine when she was destroyed in Havana harbor, died here Saturday. His death was the result of the shock to his nervous system sustained on the fatal night of the explosion.

SHORT SPECIALS.

The commissioner of internal revenue has held that receipts used as checks to draw money from banks are subject to the stamp tax.

The extension of the rural free delivery postal service authorized by the last congress is being pushed forward as rapidly as circumstances will permit.

Nearly 60,000 of the 75,000 volunteers asked for by the president in his second call for troops have been recruited and most of them have been mustered into service.

Seventeen miners who left Dawson City June 28 have arrived at Seattle, Wash., on the steamer City of Seattle, bringing with them gold dust and drafts estimated at $600,000. Of this amount $150,000 was in dust.

El Imparcial says that a member of the ministry declares that negotiations for peace with the United States are only possible so far as the question of Cuba is concerned. To demand more would be to say that Spain must commit suicide

Gen. Chambers McKibbon, who has been appointed temporary military governor of Santiago, is a member of an old and well known Pennsylvania family. He was born in Chambersburg, not far from the famous Gettysburg battlefield.

It is expected by the navy department that but few ships of Adm. Sampson's squadron will enter the harbor at Santiago. Enough vessels will be sent in to put the harbor in condition for naval operations and the needs of American interests

The harbor of Santiago will be cleared of mines as speedily as possible, and then be utilized as a naval station and harbor of refuge. It is admirably fitted to be a safe resort for American shipping in the hurricane season which is now upon us.

Government engineers and surveyors have arrived at Champlain, Clinton county, N. Y., for the preliminary survey of the proposed great ship waterway, between the great lakes and the Hudson, via the St. Lawrence river and Lake Champlain.

A member of the Spanish cabinet in an interview Sunday asserted that the government was seeking an honorable peace with the United States. An official dispatch from Porto Rico says 150 cases of ammunition exploded there, killing 14 persons and wounding many others.

Gen. Miles is anxious to remove the troops from Cuba as soon as possible, even if they have to be kept on the transport ships for a time before moving against Porto Rico, and is therefore eagerly awaiting the determination of the further campaign by the Washington government.

Capt. Hunker, of the gunboat Annapolis, returned Sunday to Playa del Este from Baracoa, where he had been three days watching for blockade runners. He had a slight engagement there with the Spanish who fired upon him with field pieces, but did no injury. Capt. Hunker returned the fire, setting fire to and burning the Spanish barracks.

Gen. Miles said Sunday: "I am most gratified over the surrender of Santiago The terms are just as good as an unconditional surrender. The Spanish troops would eventually have to be sent to Spain; by sending them at once we feed and keep them for only a month or so instead of perhaps a year. It would be hard work to keep them in Cuba."

Capt. William McKettrick, who had the honor to raise the stars and stripes over the palace in Santiago, is an aide-de-camp on the staff of Gen. Shafter. On May 12 he was appointed by the president to be an assistant adjutant general, with the rank of captain, and was assigned soon afterwards to the 5th army corps, now under Shafter's command in Cuba. He is a resident of California.

Capt. Gen. Blanco at Havana will be deprived of all means of communication with his government at Madrid except through a strict censorship when the American army formally takes possession of Santiago There can be no doubt on this question as Gen. Shafter will direct immediately on taking charge of the city that American operators be placed in the telegraph office there.

Paper Floors in Germany.

Paper floors are becoming popular in Germany, as the absence of joints does away with the accumulation of dust, vermin, or hurtful fungi; they are bad conductors of heat and sound, and, though really hard, feel soft under the foot.

A Land of Loafers.

Manila is a land of siestas. All who can sleep there all day long, and slumber there is reduced to a science. Hammocks abound and couches of bamboo are in every home, hotel, club, store and loafing place.

DEATH'S HARVEST

Both Flowers and Bearded Grain Bound in the Sheaves.

MANY INFANTS DIE OF

Summer Complaint—Record of the Doings of the Death Angel in This City and Surrounding Community—Time and Place of the Funerals.

Johnnie, the 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Tate, residing at 225 North Clifton street, died this morning at an early hour of cholera infantum. The little fellow has been ill but a few days and his condition was not deemed as serious as it really was until death came. The funeral services will be held Wednesday at the residence, Rev. Coleman, of the A. M. E. church, officiating. Interment at Woodlawn.

Mrs. Della Starbuck, wife of W. C. Starbuck, a well known and highly respected citizen of this city, died Sunday morning at nine o'clock at 751 High street. The deceased has been ill for several months It was not until very recently, however, that her life was despaired of. She was an earnest, conscientious christian woman, a true mother and a lovable wife. She leaves a husband and two children to mourn her loss

The funeral services will be held Tuesday at 9 a m at the residence. The body will be taken to Ridgewood for interment.

Miss Julia Nickels, the daughter of Mrs. Sophia Nickels, residing at 203 Water street, died last evening at shortly before 7 o'clock She was in the 23rd year of her life and has been ailing for a long time. Date of funeral not set as yet.

Harvy Arnold, the 6-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Arnold, residing at 521 Holmes avenue, died Sunday morning at 8 o'clock. The funeral services were held this morning at the residence of the grandfather, where the child died, Rev. Albright officiating Interment at Woodlawn.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT

To the Little Child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Currie, of South Main Street.

Mrs Currie, wife of General Manager Currie, of the Lima Railway Co., and children, returned home last night from an extended visit in London, Canada. They came in on the D. & L. N. railroad and just before the train reached this station they stepped to the platform preparatory to getting off and in some manner the little girl had her left foot caught between the bumpers and two of the toes were badly crushed.

Attend Hover's Park tonight, and see the most wonderful performance that for the price was ever seen.

DISTINGUISHED PRISONERS.

Adm. Cervera and the Other Officers of His Fleet Attend Divine Worship in St. Mary's Catholic Church.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., July 18.—Maryland's ancient capital was crowded Sunday with curiosity seekers who came from Baltimore, Washington and elsewhere by rail and by water in the hope of getting a peep at Adm Cervera and the men who fought and lost in the great naval fight off Santiago. Those who reached here early in the morning were rewarded for their trouble, as nearly all the prisoners, including the admiral, attended divine service at St. Mary's Roman Catholic church, where they offered up thanks for their deliverance from the fate that overtook so many of their less fortunate comrades who fell before the relentless fire of the American guns on July 3.

At the close of the services the officers returned to the naval academy and spent the balance of the day in strolling about the grounds or lounging on the broad piazzas which surround most of the buildings in which the prisoners are quartered. They are rapidly becoming accustomed to their surroundings and seem cheerful and contented. Ample provision has been made for their comfort, their food is plentiful and of the best quality, and clothes will be provided for such as will accept.

Capt. Eulate, of the Vizcaya, is the only one of the officers who has thus far refused to sign the parole pledge. His reasons for it are that Adm Cervera was only required to give a verbal promise, and that his (Eulate's) rank entitles him to the same privilege. The authorities here have no doubt that the matter will be amicably arranged and that the scruples of the gallant officer may be overcome.

Virtuously Indignant.

Conductor—'Old tight, lady!

Fare—Oo are you callin' a old tight lady? Impident young feller!—London Punch.

HELLENIC ART.

Differs in One Respect from That of Other Nations

Hellenic art differs in one very important respect from that of other nations, whether in ancient or modern times, in that it was not longer confined to any close profession or privileged class, but soon became the profession of the whole Greek people. It was the genuine product of that peculiar Greek nature and temperament which only recognized the good as the beautiful, and the beautiful as the good; which made no distinction between the form and what it embodied, between beauty and truth; and which was ever seeking for the most natural and beautiful expression of sublime conceptions and tender emotions. Born in Heaven, reared amid the fairest scenes of earth, and quickened by a vivid sense of beauty, Hellenic art was in its earliest years the companion of poetry and the bondmaid of religion. It was at the same time natural in the case of such a people as the Greeks, and in the highest degree fortunate that their religious system was in the main the creation of their poets, in whom clearness of vision, force and brilliancy of imagination, exquisite sense of harmony and beauty were leading characteristics. The poets, and especially Homer, gave a definite and appropriate shape to the powers which rule in external nature, and in the human heart, and expressed their eternal operations as personal acts and eventful histories. Poetry and religion combined to create a new world of gods and heroes from which plastic art derived its inspiration, its types and models, and by endowing them with a visible, tangible form, gave the desired expression to thoughts and feelings common to the whole Greek race. The insight of the skill with which Greek artists [illegible] the conceptions of the poets are abundantly attested by the fact that the outlines of the types which they drew in that early age have not even yet been obliterated by the wear of centuries from the imaginations and the hearts of men.—Architect Gazette.

Will She Be Pleased?

An attache of the Chinese legation the other day in a photographer's shop was buying all the photographs of pretty girls that the proprietor was at liberty to sell, and he betrayed an especial fondness for young women in evening dress The more generous the display of polished shoulder the better he was pleased. I asked him what he intended doing with the photographs, says a writer in the Washington Post. "I shall send them to my wife in China," he said "She has never been in America She will be happy to see how the Washington young ladies look." And perhaps she will be, but I have my doubts.

WANTS

All notices inserted in this column must be paid for in advance. Twenty-five cents is charged for one insertion and 35c for three insertions

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework in a small family. Good wages Mrs. W. L. PARMENTER, 341 West Market street. 943

FOUND — POCKETBOOK — Containing money. The owner can have same by calling and identifying same and paying for this ad

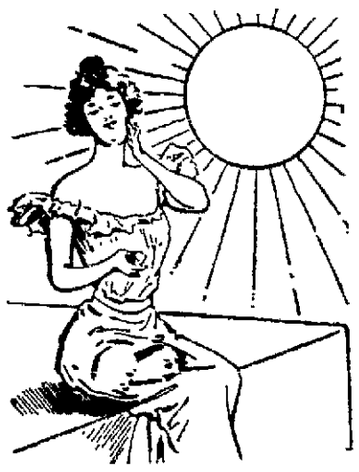
FOR SALE—DISPLAY CARDS—At the News office. Furnished Rooms," "For Sale" and "For Rent." tf

WANTED—Agent for an excellent article. Good wages to right party, and easy work Apply at once, or address M. C. Wurstner, northeast corner North and Jackson. 293

TO LET — Good, clean kept furnished rooms for sleeping purposes at reasonable prices, one-half square from opera house Address "Rooms," News Office.

FOR RENT—A house of 12 rooms to rent, next door east of Gazette Block Inquire of E W Jackson News Office.

SENSIBLE WOMEN.



Ideas are different now than a few years ago. People used to think it was wrong to put cosmetics on the face. Now every woman of judgment and taste will have some preparation at hand to assist in taking off the tan or roughness. It is better than letting it wear off. Better, too, than letting it stay on. We have the best remedy in our Creams. Ladies all endorse it.

ENTERPRISE DRUG STORE.

OPEN ALL NIGHT

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WILL ACT NO MORE.

Mme. Rhea, Tragedienne, Stricken with Incurable Malady.

In a Letter to Friends in New York City She Herself Declares That the Stage Has Lost Her Forever.

The New York Journal and Advertiser prints the following: The stage has lost Mme. Rhea forever. The famous tragedienne says so herself in a letter which has just been received in this city.

Mme. Rhea sailed for Paris about six weeks ago, and the ocean voyage developed a malady of which she had been a victim for years. Three weeks ago she was removed from the apartments of a friend in the Grand hotel, Paris, to her chateau at Montmorency, France. An eminent physician was summoned to her bedside and declared that her complaint was incurable.

"My doctors impose the utmost quietness and rest," says Mme. Rhea in her letter, "and absolutely forbid my even thinking of playing next season. In fact, I can say that I will never act again."

Rhea was to have starred in conjunction with Louis James and Frederick Warde for three years, beginning next September.

Rhea was educated in a convent and began her stage career in Paris 24 years ago. One day when she was 15 years old she attended a reception at which she met the great German actor, Fechter, who told her that she looked just like Rachel. She was so ignorant of stage lore then that she had never heard of that celebrated actress. Fechter asked her why she did not go upon the stage. She replied that she had never thought of doing so. When she got home that night she found that she could not get Fechter's remark out of her head. The next morning the little girl of the convent was thoroughly stage-struck. A week later she made her stage debut in Paris and scored an instantaneous and sympathetic hit. She came to the United States in 1882 and has remained here ever since. Rhea's favorite role is Ophelia.

THE FUNERAL PROCESSION.

Human Nature as Revealed at One Point and Another in the Line on Way to Cemetery.

"By looking into any carriage of a funeral procession," said Mr. Staybolt to a New York Sun reporter, "it is possible to tell at a glance its relation to the hearse. The one or two carriages in front of the hearse carry the pall bearers, who are sober of demeanor, but not depressed. They are selected because of their station or rank, and a knowledge of this fact gives them dignity of bearing, but they are not cast down by it.

"After the hearse comes the carriage with the chief mourners, whose grief is sacred. There may be another carriage, or perhaps more, filled with those who mourn deeply, but after them the tinge of sorrow grows rapidly lighter until it wholly disappears. There may be seen in one carriage a child looking out from a window. In some there will be seen friends and neighbors come to do honor to the dead and preserve silence and fixed attitudes.

"Then will come carriages containing those who look from the windows as they pass at objects unfamiliar, and then there are carriages containing people who do not hesitate to talk and smile, and carriages containing those who set back in the comfortable cushions and enjoy the ride."

PNEUMATIC CORSETS.

A Contrivance by Which Timid Women May Learn to Swim Easily and Safely.

A corset made of rubber is adapted for the use of women who are learning to swim. This corset is cut on the same general lines as all corsets, and made double so that the air space between the two thicknesses may be blown up and serve not only to present a neat appearance to the figure, but also to buoy it up and give confidence to the timid. A lack of confidence is responsible for the slowness with which this accomplishment is learned by women, and this corset should prove a boon to women who delight in aquatic sports but have no hardihood for them. The very knowledge that they cannot sink leaves their brain clear enough to think of the proper strokes for hands and feet, and as soon as they find they can move through the water from one place to another, and become accustomed to these movements, the corset can be discarded. It is much more shapely than the big rubber rings and cork life preservers, and, in fact, does not show at all, as it conforms to the shape of the wearer.

This Summer's Hammock.

The national colors are shown now in hammocks which, of woven cotton, are made in alternate stripes of red and white, with pillow and valance woven in blue with white stars. Hammocks are not always hung between trees or the posts of a veranda out of doors; they are used indoors sometimes in summer, swung across a room, to sleep in. Small hammocks are made for children, and such hammocks are used for infant children at home and in the country.

Engineer's Punishment.

A Danish locomotive engineer has been punished with a fine of $12,000 and four months' imprisonment for causing a railway accident by his carelessness.

Canadian Cheese Factories.

There are in round numbers 2,000 cheese factories in Canada.

HIS SHIRT SHOCKED THEM.

Why the Hotel Fairmount Lost Its Uproariously Apparelled Aristocratic Head Waiter.

There is a new head waiter at the Hotel Fairmount, owing to a succession of sensations that marked the career of the first head waiter of the season. The first head waiter of the season in a summer hotel is usually a "bird." Fairmount's first head waiter was employed without investigation of his antecedents on account of haste. He looked all right, Mrs. Mills, the manager, thought, being tall, smoothly shaven, and having his blue-black hair well plastered down over his brow.

Imagine the shiver of distress among the guests in the beautiful dining-room when the new head-waiter appeared in low-cut waistcoat and swallow tail, revealing a broad expense of red-barred shirt bosom.

It was one of those shirts crossed by broad red bars sinister, a fashionable innovation of years ago credited to the prince of Wales and subsequently worn by prize fighters

Mrs. Mills discovered several pale guests hastily leaving the dining-room. "What is the matter?" she asked. "Isn't the dinner right?"

They threw up their hands in silent horror.

When spoken to the new head waiter was not amenable to reproof. He insisted haughtily that his costume was absolutely correct and similar to the taste of the prince of Wales. It was only by the most supreme exercise of authority that the taming of the shirt was accomplished.

Next to shock the sensibilities of the dwellers in Fairmount was the head waiter's development of a peculiar dance step as he moved about the dining-room, which the guests termed "doing the goose foot." His entree resembled, in a modified way, the deft stage entrance of Fritz, the eminent yodeler. Again it was necessary to take vigorous measures.

Meanwhile the head waiter did not grow humble. Instead he assumed the air of a purse-proud guest and picked for himself the best room in the house. One day he failed to be present to look after the serving of breakfast. Just as it was under consideration whether or not his absence should be condoned the indicator recorded an imperious call from his room. Everybody waited breathlessly to learn what new horror awaited the Hotel Fairmount.

"He wants his breakfast served in the room," was the report; "and he wants chops, toast and coffee, with plenty of cream!"

This was too much, and Mrs. Mills advertised for another head waiter. The head waiter departed proudly. When half way down the long promenade he turned and hissed through his clenched teeth:

"Codfish aristocracy!"

It is now believed that the head waiter was no waiter at all, but a broken-down song and dance artist out of a job.—Kansas City Star.

WON'T DISCUSS FINANCES.

Too Great a Reticence Between Sweetheart and Lover Regarding the Wife's Income.

There is one phase of false modesty in this world that should be abandoned without further parley. It is the great reticence kept up between lover and sweetheart regarding a fixed income after marriage. Young people on the brink of matrimony refuse to allow money matters mentioned. They shy away from financial questions as if a good American dollar were a rattlesnake.

If the pair would settle down to a practical talk regarding an allowance misunderstandings of the gravest sort might be spared both of them later on.

It is the duty of every husband to provide a suitable sum of money for the personal wants of his wife. The man not willing to do this is unfit to assume the responsibilities of married life, and the income insufficient to carry out this arragement should not be considered as a support for two.

There is not enough honesty along such lines during courting days. It may seem very harsh to yank two soaring souls down from the clouds and march them along the straight and narrow way of bread and butter existence, but it's only a question of the tumble before or after marriage.

The higher the soaring the harder the drop.

Men are not half such fools in this respect as women. They would be only too glad, many of them, to know just how they are to stand in the allowance business. No, indeed; ninety-nine prospective brides out of a hundred would be insulted if the subject were broached to them. But these same women, after marriage, will get deep bladders under their eyes from constant weeping over financial bickerings.

Sweethearts and lovers, cannot you escape long enough from the great billing and cooing act to sensibly consider ways and means?

A wife's personal allowance should be gauged according to her husband's income, and the social position which she is to assume. Then she would know exactly what she could have and what she must do without after she has cast in her lot with her heart's choice.

Every wife in this land is entitled to an independent pocketbook, just as surely as her husband is entitled to his.—Boston Herald.

Clam Bouillon.

In making clam bouillon select 50 nice clams, chop fine, put them into a double boiler, cook carefully for one hour, then add one pint of water, strain through cheesecloth; add a pint of milk and a palatable seasoning of pepper. Serve at once.—Ladies' Home Journal.

VALUE OF FRUITS.

They Are of the Greatest Aid in Many Forms of Disease.

Fruits are of great value in many forms of disease, says Modern Medicine, because of the acids which they contain. These acids, when taken into the blood, break up some of the compounds of waste substances which have been formed, and thus give rise to an increased excretion of these substances through the kidneys. In this way fruits are a great advantage in the treatment of rheumatism, gout, gravel and all the different morbid conditions which accompany the so-called uric acid diathesis. The observations of Haig respecting the relation of uric acid to neurasthenia give to fruit a great dietetic value in this disease. He has shown that neurasthenia is almost always the result of the accumulation within the system of tissue wastes largely in the form of uric acid. The free use of fruits aids in the elimination of these poisons, not only by breaking up the compounds which they form within the body, but by stimulating the kidneys to increased normal activity.

Remembering the interesting fact pointed out by Bouchard, that rheumatism is really a toxemis, resulting from the decomposition of food stuffs in a dilated or prolapsed stomach, we may also attribute the beneficial effects of a fruit diet in rheumatism and allied conditions to its value in suppressing the formation of poisonous substances in the alimentary canal in the manner already pointed out.

Obesity, which is, like rheumatism, a diathesis, may be successfully treated by a fruit dietary. This is due not only to the fact that fruit is a natural food, and thus aids the system to establish normal tissue metamorphosis and a normal balance between the processes of assimilation and disassimilation, but also because it affords a very comfortable means of reducing the amount of nutriment material received to a minimum quantity.

Fruit is chiefly water, the amount of nutriment material it contains varying from five to eight or ten per cent. in most fruits, rising to a higher figure only in dried fruits, such at dried grapes, prunes, dates, etc. The writer has succeeded in reducing excessive weight in the most satisfactory manner, by prescribing a diet consisting almost exclusively of grapes or apples, allowing only a small bit of thoroughly dried bread or zwieback in connection with the fruit. In some cases the fruit may be allowed as often as three or four times a day, if necessary, to relieve an uncomfortable sensation of emptiness.

In fevers, fruits, especially in the form of fruit juices, are a most convenient and certainly the most appropriate of all foods. It is now almost universally recognized that beef tea and meat preparations of all sorts should be wholly proscribed in cases of fever, as the patient is already suffering from the accumulation of waste matters to such a degree that the addition of even the small amount contained in beef tea or a small piece of meat may be sufficient to give rise to an exacerbation of the disease, and lessen the patient's chances for recovery.

POPULATION OF RUSSIA.

Census of 1870 Showed 35 Inhabitants to the Square Mile.

In 1870 the population of Russia in Europe was 65,700,559, or about 35 souls to the square mile of territory. If Poland and Finland be included, the total population will be increased to 73,504,592, but the density of population will not be changed, as the dense settlement of Poland is neutralized by the sparse population of Finland. In 1897 the total population had increased to 106,159,141, of which 94,188,750 were assigned to Russia in Europe, and the density of the population had risen to 51 to the square mile. The returns of Russia in Asia are naturally imperfect, but the census of 1897 gave 23,052,000 souls, and the density of population about four to the square mile. For the whole empire the density is 15 souls to the square mile. This low figure is due to Siberia, where only 1.2 marks the population to the square mile, and to central Asia, which gave only 5.6 to the same territory. Poland is the most densely settled (192 to the square mile), and Caucasia does not greatly differ from the average for European Russia (53.3 to the square mile). If these figures be compared with the returns of the United States census it will be seen that European Russia has more than twice the density of population of the United States (21.3); that Poland is as thickly settled as New Jersey (193.8), and that New Mexico equals Siberia in sparseness of inhabitants.—W. C. Ford, in Popular Science Monthly.

Historic Spots.

The knowledge and archaeological research of Sir Reginald Palgrave, the clerk of parliaments, have ascertained the exact spots in Westminster hall occupied by Charles I. on his trial, and by Strafford during the proceedings which terminated in his attainer. These historic places have been marked on the floor by commemorative brasses.

HICKORY NUT PEOPLE.

A Profitable Industry Established by a Syracuse Woman.

The Hickory Nut People, like Palmer Cox's Brownies, are a weird and peculiar folk. They are made out of hickory nuts in resemblance of racial types, famous persons, or people in books, and they have such a living appearance as to make them irresistible, says the New York Sun. Uncle Sam, John Bull, Queen Victoria, Bismarck, George Washington, Napoleon, President McKinley, Li Hung Chang, Susan B. Anthony, Joe Jefferson as Rip Van Winkle, Josiah Allen's Wife, and Gibson's summer girl are some of those who have appeared as Hickory Nut People and have been instantly recognized.

The idea originated with Mrs. A. H. Blynn, of Syracuse, N. Y., who, a year or two ago, found herself face to face with the problem of supporting and educating two boys. Soon after, on picking up a hickory nut with which her younger son had been playing, Mrs. Blynn was struck with its peculiar resemblence to the rugged face of an old man. She fitted a body to it, dressed it in old clothes, clapped a slouch hat upon the head, put a cob pipe in the mouth, a fishing rod in the hand—and there he was, as complete an old fisherman, brown and bent, as ever baited a hook.

The fisherman became instantly popular with Mrs. Blynn's friends, and she repeated the experiment, taking another subject, with such surprising success that she was asked to make a set of the queer little figures do be used at dinner favors. Among the guests was a lady from Brooklyn, from whom soon after Mrs. Blynn received an order for a set of the Hickory Nut People, to be used for dinner favors in her own home.

It was then that Mrs. Blynn saw the money-making opportunity she had sought. She set about the business of making Hickory Nut People in an enthusiastic spirit, and a natural aptitude for seeing the queer and grotesque side of things, together with an uncommon degree of the inventive faculty, soon led her into the right channel. She began to see more things in hickory nuts than Horatio dreamed of in his philosophy.

Mrs. Blynn when she wants hickory nuts goes to the grocer, and astonishes him by the deliberation with which she looks over a peck or two of nuts, examining each separately, and commenting on the lack of expression in one, the absurd features of another, or the intelligence of a third, often rejecting half of the whole quantity, and consoling the tradesman with the remark that the rejected ones are all good sensible nuts, but they have no individuality. For a long time the grocer whom she patronized, and to whom all hickory nuts looked alike, regarded his customer as not quite responsible for her views on hickory nuts.

In making up a character Mrs. Blynn selects a nut which, in its natural state, seems to resemble the individual she wishes to bring out.

"The variety of expressions hickory nuts wear is something surprising," she said. "I can see all sorts of faces in them, and the nuts themselves suggest the characters I make them take. The other day I found the most ferocious looking creature among them; so I made him up into a burglar, and he looked so terrible I was afraid to have him in the house."

When Mrs. Blynn sits down in her workroom all the materials—nuts, paste, paint, pens, ink, wire, rags, and scraps of all kinds are strewed over her table, and out of these soon comes marching the weirdest, quaintest, and funniest troop of little people. The faces are sketched, painted, or carved upon the nuts on whichever side presents the best resemblance. The bodies are made lean or fat, short or tall, according to the anatomy of the subject. The figures are fashioned out of wire and cotton, which makes them flexible and adaptable to any position the inventor chooses to give them. The arms and legs are wire also, and can be adjusted to suit occasion. Costuming the figures is an important thing, for much of the realistic effect depends on the clothes. Mrs. Blynn has used up innumerable old plaid shawls in producing the typical washerwoman. In size, the figures are from six to eight inches high.

The Hickory Nut People have been ordered in such large numbers that Mrs. Blynn finds herself unable to make them fast enough, as the work is intricate and extremely laborious, if kept up steadily. The reputation of these little folk has been thoroughly established and the demand for them comes regularly from New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and other cities. During the last year Mrs. Blynn has mede about 600 of them and has found it profitable employment.

A Mere Novice.

Ella—Isn't Charlie Smudgkins a simpleton?

Etta—How, pray?

Ella—The other evening when he was kissing me I told him to stop and he did.—Roxbury Gazette.

DRINK THE BEST AND ONLY . . . . BEER

BREWED BY THE

Christain Moerlein Brewing Company.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Barbarosa and National Export, the Queen of Beers.

FAMILY TRADE SOLICITED.

Office, 214 East Market Street.

TELEPHONE NO. 124.

T. C. SULLIVAN, General Agent

For a Summer Cruise . . . take the Coast Line to Mackinac

NEW STEEL PASSENGER STEAMERS.

SPEED, COMFORT AND SAFETY

The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction: Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Efficient Service.

To Detroit, Mackinac, Georgian Bay, Petoskey, Chicago

No other Line offers a Panorama of 460 miles of equal variety and interest.

Four Trips per Week Between Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac

PETOSKEY, "THE SOO," MARQUETTE AND DULUTH.

LOW RATES to Picturesque Resorts and Return, including Meals and Berths. Approximate Cost from Cleveland, $11; from Toledo, $14; from Detroit, $12.50.

Every Day and Night Between Cleveland, Put-in-Bay and Toledo.

Day and Night Service Between DETROIT AND CLEVELAND

Fare, $1.50 Each Direction. Berths, 75c.; $1. Stateroom, $1.75.

Connections are made at Cleveland with Earliest Trains for all points East, South and Southwest, and at Detroit for all points North and Northwest.

Sunday Trips June, July, August, September and October Only.

Send 2c. for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., DETROIT, MICH.

Detroit and Cleveland Navigation Company.

OLD SHOES.

Mr. Staybolt Has a Word About Them and Other Things Old, Including Old Habits.

"'As easy as an old shoe' is a familiar saying," said Mr. Staybolt, according to the New York Sun, "and there can be no doubt that an old shoe is a mighty comfortable thing. After we have worn the new shoes, close fitting, hard and formal, how gladly we put them off, and with what joy we put on the shoes that are old and worn and familiar to the feet! Old shoes, however, are not the only thing old that we like. We like an old bed, if it is not too old, but just old enough, so that while still soft and comfortable it is also shaped somewhat to the body, which it supports at every point, yielding a degree of comfort which not the finest of beds can afford when it is new.

"But it is so with all things old, that are not too old, including habits. We cling to them so long as they give us comfort, and we hate to change. We are creatures of habit, who would if we could follow to the end along the first comfortable rut we fall into, and never look out above its sides. And it is well for us that our shoes wear out, and that we have to buy new ones and wear them; that we are in various ways compelled to change; that we are rooted out now and then and set going anew.

"And some of us profit by this change. Once lifted out of the rut we stay up on the plain, where there is nothing to cramp us, and where we can lay about freely in any direction in accordance with our power, but more of us, I fancy, rather welcome the days when the shoes grow old again and yield without much struggling to the enticements of ease and comfort."

FIRST ELEPHANT IN AMERICA.

How Moses Smith's Eccentric Notion Made a Fortune for Another Man.

It is not generally known that a former citizen of Owensboro brought across the ocean the first elephant that was ever in America, says the Owensboro (Ky.) Inquirer. The name of the gentleman was Moses Smith, who at one time owned a vast body of land from the mouth of Panther creek up the river, embracing nearly all the present farms in the neighborhood of Sorgho.

Mr. Smith was at Paris with his brother and had "more money than he knew what to do with." He told his brother that he intended taking something to American that the people had never seen. "You had better buy an elephant," said the jocular brother and that was what Moses did. He picked out the biggest animal he could find and paid an enormous price for it. He brought it to New York, where it was a nine days' wonder, but the owner soon found that he had something worse than the proverbial white elephant on his hands. He tried to sell it, but could find no buyer and at last undertook to give it away, in which he was equally unsuccessful. Finally he found a man who agreed to pay him $100 for it and this individual put it on exhibition. He was so successful that he went into the show business and made a fortune out of Mr. Smith's folly. Col. Frank McKernan, of Adrianville, is a grandson of Mr. Smith, who lived to a great age at his home in this county.

For whitening the hands and arms take a teaspoonful of borax, one ounce of glycerin and one pint of orange flower water. The following lotion renders the arms and neck soft and white: Mix together two drachms of hazeline, two drachms of benzoin, eight ounces elder flower water, half an ounce of glycerin, one drachm of powdered borax. This is to be applied after washing and the arms bandaged with soft washed linen.

Compensation.

Bobby—Say, did you ever tie a pack of firecrackers to a dog's tail?

Percy—No, sir, I didn't. My mother taught me to be kind to animals.

Bobby—Huh! What fun do you have then?

Percy—Oh, I just set mine off behind girls.—N. Y. Truth.

To Michigan via Fort Wayne.

Under new schedule, Train No. 9 over the Fort Wayne Route has daily except Sunday connection at Ft. Wayne with through train over the Grand Rapids & Indiana Railway for Michigan points. The arriving time of Train No. 9 at Fort Wayne is 4:25 p. m. The connecting train departs from the same station at 4:35 p. m., and reaches Kendallville 5:25 p. m., Sturgis 6:25 p. m., Kalamazoo 8:08 p. m., Grand Rapids 9:45 p. m., Petosky 5:45 a. m., Mackinaw City 7:15 a. m. Steamer connection from Mackinaw City arrives Mackinac Island 8:30 a. m. For particulars about low rate Tourist Tickets to Michigan resorts over this route, apply to nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, or address C. L. KIMBALL, A. G. P. Agt., Cleveland, O. Sw July 3 '98.

BETWEEN TWO FIRES.

The unlucky Spaniard seems to be continually between two very hot fires; he's in equal peril whether he goes to sea or stays in harbor.

No doubt you often feel as if you were between two fires too—if you buy a good article you are charged an extortionate price; if you pay a small price you get a poor article.

Here is a place where these conditions do not prevail. We give the very best and most satisfactory tailoring that any money could buy, and our prices are always exceedingly low.

SHERMAN WERNER & CO.,

308 North Main St.

NEW YORK

Umbrella Hospital.

Re-Covering and Repairing. New Umbrellas and Parasols made to order on short notice. Walking Canes Re-Ferruled. Work guaranteed or money refunded. Baby Carriage Parasols a specialty. Baby Cabs repaired. Drop a postal and we will call. Goods delivered free of charge.

F. J. SHAVELIAR & CO.,

Northeast Corner Public Square, Lima, O.

Steam and Hot Water Heating.

Pluming and gas fitting, Sinks, cistern pumps, lawn hose, hose reels and hose nozzles. Also agents for the Cleveland beer pumps and all beer pump supplies. Incandescent gas lamps 75c, complete.

J. M. McVEY,

119 E Hight Street.

When Your Laundry

Comes home with the bosom slimsy and minus near every button; it is your own fault if you neglect to hunt up a laundry that is careful about these details.

We are No. 212 East Market street. Both 'phones; call No. 35; we will send for your laundry and send it back to you in up-to-date style quicker than any laundry in town.

ENTERPRISE LAUNDRY.

Dr. and Mrs. Dr. Murphy.

Physician and Accoucheurs.

Devote special attention to family practice and to the ladies during the lying-in. Confinement charges $5.00, including attendance during the usual nine days. Calls promptly attended day and night. Office and Residence, 619 North Main Street. Both Telephone, 247.

RHEUMATIC! A Guaranteed Cure for Rheumatism for sale by Hover's and J. N. Cunningham. 8:19y

Don't fail to read the want ads. in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Woman and Her Ways

Mrs. George Vanderbilt, nee Dresser, boasted upon her marriage that her trousseau was exceedingly modest. Nevertheless it was chosen with such good taste that reports of its beauty are constantly reaching the country.

One of her charming evening dresses which she wore the second week of her wedding tour was of green organdie of the shade sometimes known as rubber

A BRIDE'S EVENING DRESS.

plant green. It was figured with very large bunches of ciel blue flowers. The waist had a folded vest of ciel blue lisse coming from under side pieces of green organdie. Ecru lace fell over the arms and vest.

In her hair was a bunch of ciel blue silk flowers in their green leaves. Her jewels were turquoise and she wore a stomacher of double faced blue satin with four large cut steel buttons upon it. Her gloves were ecru.

A charming toilette this, and one, you will say, that was not impossible even to the purse of other than a Vanderbilt bride.

HELEN GREY-PAGE.

* *

The following invitations have been issued for this week:

Mrs. Emma Thompson,
Miss Rosabel Keys,
At Home.
Wednesday Eve., July 20, 1898.
8 O'clock. 244 South Pierce Street.

* *

1898. 1898.
Won't you come to my tea party?
All my playmates will be there,
Thursday, July 21.
3 to 6. YETTA STERN.

* *

OTHER EVENTS.

A dinner party was held on Saturday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frye on North Jefferson street, in honor of Mrs. S. Rumbaugh and daughter, Mrs. M. Smith, of Cincinnati, and Mrs. Churchhill, of Sidney, Ohio.

* *

The Spinet Club has elected Mrs. Blanche Wheeler president, and Frances Colvin secretary.

* *

Mrs. P. Lown, of High and Elizabeth, entertained Saturday a number of her friends in a most delightful manner.

* *

Saturday evening was without a doubt a most perfect evening for the 40 young society people who responded to the invitations issued by Miss Lenore Vail to attend a cake-walk. The guests were escorted to reserved seats in the auditorium beneath a tent where Judges W. B. Richie, W. R. Mehaffey, C. H. Cole, J. C. Thompson, George Chisholm, Alf Baxter and George Thrift occupied a box, while peanut gallery was there in full force. Mr. Reed Wallace was master of ceremonies, and at a quarter of ten the strains of "A Hot Time in the Old Town To-night," pealed forth while Rastus and Liza stepped down the driveway, followed by other Flossies and Dossies who represented typical darkeys from de South. Squire Becker and Samantha Hutchinson winning de cake, while Dough-face Neely and Sis Young came second, who was presented with a smaller cake (of soap) and all kinds of hoe-downs were in order intermingled with popular airs as "Way Down Yonder in de Corn Field." Lovely summer delicacies were next on the program. Flambeaux here and there turned the pretty lawn into daylight as it were, and to try and comment would be useless, and as a final would say it was great.

* *

Society is divided this summer between French and English hair dressing. French hair dressing is pompadour. The hair, if not naturally curly, is puffed over the forehead and around

THE FRENCH GIRL.

the face, after which it is brought up into a big knot on the top of the head. For evening it is decorated with narrow ribbon and sprays of silk perfumed flowers.

The English coiffure, on the other hand, begins by parting the hair in the

THE ENGLISH GIRL.

middle. It is puffed on each side of the part and is draped in such a way as to form a big knot low in the nape of the neck. This gives a low forehead and covers the ears becomingly.

It will be noticed that most of the new styles of hair dressing are so arranged as to cover the ears, after the fashion originated by Cleo de Merode.

HELEN GREY-PAGE.

E. C. Blanks, of Lewisville, Texas, writes that one box of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was worth $50 to him. It cured his piles of ten years standing. He advises others to try it. It also cures eczema, skin diseases and obstinate sores. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North.

Reduction Sale

—OF—

CHILDREN'S

Headwear and Baby Caps

Is now going on at

MRS. F. LIGHT'S

MILLINERY STORE,

North Main Street.

The stock comprises an elegant assortment of new goods which must be reduced at once. You will be benefitted by calling. Goods will be sold at almost your own price.

AN AMBULANCE CALL

To Take a Cripple From One Depot to Another.

Today shortly after noon, an ambulance call was received at Grosjean's to take a patient from one depot across the city to another. The cripple, E. S. Cannon, came to this city from Sidney over the C., H. & D. and was transferred to the C. & E. depot to go to Chicago. The man is about thirty years old, and has not been out of bed for twenty years. He is horribly deformed, yet is perfectly intelligent and hopes to be cured. He is on his way to see a Chicago doctor.

"I think DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the finest preparation on the market for piles." So writes John C. Dunn, of Wheeling, W. Va. Try it and you will think the same. It also cures eczema and all skin diseases. H. F. Vorteamp, north east corner North and Main.

Trained dogs and monkeys at Hover's park tonight.

ALONG THE LINES.

Local and General Notes About the Railroads and Shops.

Wm. Lawther, day yard conductor in the P. F. yards, is taking a vacation of one week.

Conductor George Williams, of the east end local on the P., Ft. W. & C., has returned to work after laying off several weeks.

Conductor Frank Rogers, who has been running on the P. F. local for the past month, returned to his home in Ft. Wayne Sunday.

Keeler Clark, who has been with the Chicago & Erie road in this city for a number of years, recently serving as day yard clerk and baggage master, has resigned.

A switch engine on the L. E. & W. railroad struck a hand car at the curve near Kibby street Saturday evening, but fortunately all of the section men succeeded in escaping injury.

Day baggage master John Fullerton of the P. F. road, is taking a week's vacation. Night baggage master John Reed is working during his absence, while Frederick Cook is working in Mr. Reed's place.

Charles F. Kohler, of Detroit, was in the city yesterday on his way to Wapakoneta, where he visited his parents over Sunday. Mr. Kohler is in the employ of the D. & L. N. freight department at Detroit.

TERRIFFIC GALE.

A Party of Lima Gentlemen in a Storm on Lake Erie.

An Experience They Will Not Soon Forget—They Were Prepared for the Worst. However.

A party of Lima gentlemen consisting of Messrs. Curtis F. Ash, T. E. Thompson, Lee Beeler, Prof. Clem, Mart Manuel, Ralph Durnbaugh, George Metheany, J. M. McCarty and Bradley went to Toledo Sunday morning on a pleasure jaunt. They chartered a launch for the day and when thirteen miles out in Lake Erie a terrific storm came up so suddenly that they had no chance to reach a place of safety. The wind blew an awful gale and the captain of the launch, after the party had been safely landed, remarked that it was one of the worst storms he had witnessed on Lake Erie in twenty years. The boat came near capsizing several times and the occupants had buckled on their life preservers and were prepared for the worst. It was a frightful experience, and one that will not be forgotten soon by the above gentlemen.

COURT NEWS.

Items of Interest in and About the Temple of Justice.

A Few Real Estate Transfers and Points of Passing Interest—Gossip Interesting All.

The Metropolitan Bank vs. Frances Roberts and John D. Roberts, in an action of cognovit.

TRANSCRIPT.

C.C. Snyder vs. Manning & Mitchell for money.

FORECLOSURE.

Wm. Sibble, plaintiff, vs. Mary Goonan, et al.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

Charley Wood and Cora Jennings.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

David W. Jenkins and wife to Maurice Ream and David Ream, lots 5082 and 110 in Satterthwaite addition to Lima, $300.

James W. Tursel to Adam Roberts and Rebecca Roberts, lot 2230 and 2331, Satterthwaite's addition to Lima, $950.

NOTES.

County Clerk Elect Jordan and Deputy Clerk Swaggert, of Trumbull county, visited the court house today.

County Auditor Walther has returned from an extended visit with friends on the lakes.

W. B. Shappell and wife entertained at Sunday dinner Mrs. Keller, of Louisville, Ky., Elias Bowsher and Michael Sullivan, of Shawnee township.

Harry Deitz, of Trenton, Ohio, and his sister, Miss Carrie Deitz, of Hamilton, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Eckhart, South Union street.

When the delivery of the News is irregular please make complaint to the office. It would be a favor to the management.

CRIMINAL CASES

Heard in Mayor Prophet's and Squire Atmur's Court Today.

A FEW SUNDAY DRUNKS

Left Over—The Rifi-Raff and Bob-Tail of the City's Under Stratum Heaved up by Beer Waves and Drift Into Police Court—The News of the Docket.

In the case of the State of Ohio vs. Burt Gilmore, a full account of which appeared in THE NEWS of some days since, when sheriff Bogart got out the extradition papers to bring Gilmore back to this city from Chicago. Gilmore, it will be remembered, stole a check from one Sam Riley, of Bluffton. Gilmore appeared before Squire Atmur today and pleaded not guilty, and in default of a $350 bail was sent to jail.

Wordy W. Ward, the great detective, has smelled a rat, and proposes to distinguish himself by arresting a thief for a crime done in this city during the past summer some time. It seems that ex-grocery man Kyle lost a fine buggy at the above named time, and whether or not "Wordy" has just found it out or has been working upon the case in the rustle and hurry of midnight, and the calms and deathlike stillness of the noonday remains to be seen. "Wordy," however, polished up his two dollar badge, got out his detective commission: girded up his loins and started out in search of the guilty parties. The wicked will all tremble when "Wordy" approaches.

M. A. Calhoon became boisterous about 10 o'clock last night near Wayne street and in his discourse insulted Mrs. Ed. Hatfield. He was arrested by Officer Smally and paid $12.50 for his little experience.

Wm. Hunter, a professional tramp, was arrested by Detective Ed. Croy last night, for begging money on the street. He is a big, strapping fellow, and amply able to work and, Mayor Prophet, taking advantage of the situation, fined him $12.00 and sent him to the work house to work out his fine.

Wm. Mulligan, a hobo, was found by Officer Seeds begging about the city. Mayor Prophet fined him $6.60, in default of the payment of which he was sent to the stone pile, where he will work out the fine.

James Leonard, supposed to be one of the fellows that broke into Sheehan's saloon, late Saturday afternoon, was arraigned before the mayor this morning. There was nothing to show that he had any part in the affair. He was held on a charge of vagrancy, however, and charged $6.60, in default of which he was sent to the stone pile.

Chas. Kemp, who resides on the south side of the city, became involved in a fight with his brother Harry and was arrested yesterday morning. He pleaded not guilty. His trial was set for this afternoon.

Burt Ward and three others of his chums were arrested yesterday for overdriving one of J. C. Musser's horses.

Henry Snyder came here from Cairo on Saturday last and enjoyed a three-days' spree, much to the inconvenience and worriment of of his family. His son was in this city today looking for his father. He found him with the aid of the police, and the old man was taken home.

Visit the Hub Today.

The big and slashing cut sale inaugurated by the HUB SHOE STORE is attracting hosts of bargain hunters. The rush occasioned by the sale has necessitated the employment of additional help to wait on the many customers. With the additional salesmen all customers can be waited on promptly tomorrow.

The Chief Burgess of Milesburg, Pa., says DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills he ever used in his family during forty years of house keeping. They cure constipation, sick headache and stomach and liver troubles. Small in size but great in results. H. F. Vortcamp, north east corner North and Main.

HER BROTHER INJURED.

Mrs. James Lewis, of South Main Street, Receives Bad News.

Mrs. James Lewis, of south Main street, received a telegram yesterday from Toledo stating that her brother had been very badly injured while at work in the Baker foundry in that city. She left for Toledo early this morning.

Free Tickets.

Free tickets to Hover Park auditorium with every pair of shoes at Gooding's, 230 north Main street.

Bob Moore, of LaFayette, Ind., says that for constipation he has found DeWitt's Little Early Risers to be perfect. They never gripe. Try them for stomach and liver troubles. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner of Main and North.

The Very Best

Musical talent, both instrumental and vocal, has been secured for the

BENEFIT CONCERT,

HOVER'S PARK, JULY 21.

If you miss it you will be sorry.

ADMISSION 25c. CHILDREN 10 CENTS

TRADES COUNCIL

Will Hold an Interesting Session Tomorrow Night.

Every Delegate is Urged to be on Hand and Settle the Labor Day Question—Barbers Meet To-night—Notes.

Let every delegate representing the various unions of the city be in attendance at Trades' Council meeting tomorrow night and take part in the main question which will come up for discussion—"Where to hold Labor Day celebration?"—and which will undoubtedly be decided at this session.

The question would have been decided long ago by the decision of the executive board to whom all power is delegated for this purpose, but the members, possessed with that spirit of fairness and justice realize that before taking any decisive steps it would be wise to lay the matter before the general body and have it settled at a regular meeting, so that no member can say hereafter that it was done without his voice or vote.

The Council needs money in its treasury and expect to make as much as possible out of their annual labor holiday celebration and it is the object of the members for all to take part in deciding which offer will be the best and most profitable for the Council to accept, and at the same time keep harmony and good feeling within the ranks of every union affiliated with the central body.

We hope to see every delegate present, and let each representative go there with that spirit of unity and fraternity, which has marked the deliberations of the Council meetings in the past be manifest at this meeting tomorrow night and leave all feeling of discord and jealousy behind as he enters the hall. Let us act as men, as brothers, as one family of toilers working for each other's good in a common cause.

Notes.

Japan buys rails of France.

Shanghai has 15 cotton mills.

Siberia has 54 bituminous coal fields.

We pay $100,000,000 a year for coffee.

Chicago Woodworkers' Union No. 7 has appropriated $2,500 to carry on the strike against the Mill Men's Club.

Tonight the tonsorial artists will meet at Trades' Council hall in regular session. President Lober desires every artist to be on hand after shop hours.

The officials in charge of the iron and steel blast furnaces of Cleveland have signed the wage scale agreed upon at a conference of mill owners and represpetatives of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers.

The carpenters and car builders of the C., H. & D. have a promise of the other hour, thus restoring to them the full day's work, and the men are feeling happy over the expectation of being able to put in a "ringer" each week.

The hot nights are not very inviting to the members of the unions and the attendance at the meetings are not very large of late. It is not necessary to hold the meetings longer than from one to one and one-half hours, as all routine business can be easily disposed of in that time, unless, perhaps, there are questions of importance which must be discussed at some length which may keep the meeting longer, but nevertheless it is the duty of every member to be present at all meetings, as the concern of one is the concern of all.

Great show at Hover's park tonight.

Don't fail to read the want ads. in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you. tf

OILDOM.

Manhattan Oil Company Gets a Daisy Near Hartford City, Indiana.

The Manhattan Oil Company, of this city, drilled in one of the largest oil wells yet drilled in in the Indiana field a few days ago. The well is located on the Joshua Kelley farm, near Montpelier, and has been producing at the rate of four hundred barrels a day. The Manhattan has 160 acres of land surrounding the well and will put down many more wells.

THE MARKET.

Another day has rolled around without a change in the oil market. Reports from oil centers, however, show that the shipments continue to be in excess of the runs, and the prospects of another advance is very encouraging.

NOTES.

Maier Bros. & Co. shot their oil well in the Bluffton field Saturday morning. It made a good showing and it is expected it will yield rich results to its owners.

It is said that the big well which was drilled in on the Jeff Graham farm a few weeks ago, is gaining in its production, and is now one of the best in the east Hume pool.

The well of Zimmerman & Brownyar, in the same field, was also shot, Saturday, and has made a fine showing ever since. These gentlemen will start a rig for their No. 2 on the same farm.

Argue & Maire Bros. have a rig up for a well on the W. D. Bowsher farm, Hume field. A well was drilled in on this farm two years ago and proved worthless, but it is thought it would have been a paying well had it been properly handled. It is now generally thought that the connection between the Hume and Shawnee pools is made somewhere between the Delong, Bowsher, Strawbridge and Breese farms.—Spencerville Journal.

BAD MAN.

Bartley Stroger, a Colored Man, Makes a Vicious Assault

Upon Jack Kirby, a Mail Carrier, and Then Tries to Shoot Harry Johnston.

There was quite an exciting scene on the west side of the square about twelve o'clock Saturday night. Jack Kirby, a mail carrier, made some remark as Bartley Stoger was passing. Stoger is a bad man, having been arrested several times and at one time was arrested for shooting his wife. Stoger immediately took up the remark and went after Kirby in a very fierce manner, his colored companion assisting him. Harry Johnston interfered on behalf of Kirby, and after he had separated them knocked Stroger down. The latter jumped up and drawing a revolver, pointed it at Johnston and pulled the trigger, but happily the weapon failed to go off. Stroger was later arrested and is held on the charge of carrying concealed weapons and assault, and his chances of getting a good stiff fine are very encouraging.

Matinee at Hover's park tomorrow afternoon. A rich treat for the children.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENNY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by that firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

LIMA DAILY NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON
(EXCEPT SUNDAY)

E. W. JACKSON, President.
J. R. FINNELL L. S. GALVIN
Editors and Managers.

No. 316 NORTH MAIN STREET

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TELEPHONES NO. 417.

For rates of advertising or other information, address The Lima Daily News, Lima, O.

Entered at the Postoffice at Lima, Ohio, as second-class matter.

UNION LABEL

NOTICE.

Where delivery of paper is irregular please report immediately to this office, or phone '417.

THE NEWS

Is on sale at the following places:

C W HEISTER, DRUG STORE, 58 Public Square.

THOMAS JONES' GROCERY, corner Main and Kibby streets.

MELVILLE'S DRUG STORE, corner Main and High streets.

AQUARIUM CIGAR STORE, No 75 Public Square.

D CRAMER'S DRUG STORE, corner Main and Kibby streets.

COLUMBIA is a gem of two or three oceans at least.

ADMIRAL CERVERA seems to have made a mash on the American public.

PLANS are afoot even this early for the opening of the Republican state and congressional campaign, and, though the imprimatur of the executive committee has not yet been put on the plans, it is highly probable that, as last year, the old time opening will be a plural affair. But, while in 1897 there were three contemporaneous openings, in 1898 there will be twenty-one, that is, one in every congressional district.

FORTY-ONE SHIPS LOST.

In the ten weeks since war was declared. Spain has had forty-one of her ships captured or destroyed, and this with the death of only half a dozen and the wounding of less than a score of the seamen of the nation against which she is struggling—not a single one of whose ships has been disabled. Such is the present record of the nation with a naval history of 300 years behind her; which was once a great sea power, and held a commanding place among the ruling peoples of the earth. It is a record which shows at a glance the frightful decadence of the Spanish kingdom.

For the past century Spain has been almost constantly engaged in war, mainly with her own colonies. One might think that this experience would have taught her the art of war upon the sea, where most of the battles must have been found. But the present war has demonstrated the fact that she is half a century behind the times so far as actual fighting capacity is concerned. Meanwhile the nation of peace—the nation that was the butt of the world's ridicule for its defenseless condition, has shown the older nations a few tricks which have made them stand in wonder. The secret of it is in the difference in the men of the two fleets. The Spanish sailors are machines, and not very good machines at that. They fight when driven to it, but they fight unskillfully and to their own undoing. The Americans, on the other hand, are fighters with all their heart, aggressive and full of fire. They hit what they shoot at, and when they hit the object of their marksmanship becomes demoralized. It is the old story of the Anglo-Saxon against the Latin race and the ending of that story is ever the same.

THE DEATH PENALTY.

The great state of New York will carry into effect the inexorable right claimed by organized society and execute the death penalty on a woman. At Sing Sing a first mortgage on the life of Martha Place will be foreclosed, as it were. This barbarism of olden times stalking forward out of its ancient darkness into the light of our own age stands as the crowning horror of the hour to shock the sensibilities of the best life when woman must give up her life to satisfy the selfish revenge of organized community.

The protection of society and the good of criminals themselves are the highest and only ends to be sought by a state in dealing with those who transgress the criminal code. The state of New York will rob a woman of her last earthly chance of reform and punish her crime with a crime. What does this commonwealth hope to [illegible] It is a significant fact proved by history that murder is less frequent where the stigma of legalized murder has been removed from the fair name of a state than elsewhere. This reproach against civilization has not been brought back in a single state where it has at any time been given up. This acme of human despotism reaches its climax when woman must give up her life as a penalty for crime. This surely clashes with the humanities of our times.

This barbaric spirit has a demoralizing effect on the public conscience. It is futile and inadequate as a deterrent of crime and corrective of evil. It is an illogical law, unjust to justice and unfair to the fair fame of enlightened government. Its alleged beneficial effects are false as to theory, belief and history. In the pauseless progress of our times the weal of humanity should demand the discontinuance of capital punishment. Shame to New York that for the sake of revenge she demands life for life of woman.

AMERICAN FLAG.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

Gen. Young's command participated, Gen. Toral said that less than 2,000 Spanish troops were engaged, his loss being 265. He would not say how many Spaniards were killed at El Caney and before Santiago. "Heavy! heavy!" he said, dejectedly.

In response to an inquiry, he said that transportation would be required for between 22,000 and 25,000 men, there being that much of a force in the capitulated district. He informed the officers that Santiago harbor had been again mined since Adm Cervera left.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—At 11:05 o'clock Sunday night Adjt. Gen. Corbin made public the following dispatch from Gen. Shafter:

HEADQUARTERS U S ARMY,
SANTIAGO, July 17.

To Adjutant General, U. S. A. Washington:

My ordnance officers report about 7,000 rifles turned in Sunday and 600,000 cartridges. At the mouth of the harbor there are quite a number of fine modern guns about six inch; also two batteries of mountain guns, together with a saluting battery of 15 old bronze guns. Disarming and turning in will go on Monday. List of prisoners not yet taken.

SHAFTER,
Major General Commanding.

WHAT DO YOU WANT.

If you want help—a situation, have something to sell or rent, or if you wish to buy something, remember that a "want" in the NEWS costs much less than in any other paper and will bring you more answers than in all the other papers in the aggregate. If you want a girl, you are sure to find a good one through a "want" in THE NEWS. A lady had a want in the Times a week and got no girl. She placed it in THE NEWS, and before 8 p. m. had several applications and secured a first-class girl.

Win your battles against disease by acting promptly. One Minute Cough Cure produces immediate results. When taken early it prevents consumption. And in later stages it furnishes prompt relief. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North.

MARKET REPORT.

CINCINNATI, July 16.

FLOUR—Spring fancy, $4.45@4.60; family, $3.85@4.15; spring patent, $4.75@5.35; winter patent, $4.40@4.90; fancy, $4.00@4.30, family, $3.50@3.75; extra, $3.00@3.25, low grade, $2.50@2.70; rye, Northwestern, $2.75@3.00; do city, $2.75@3.00.

WHEAT—Sample red, landing 75¼c; No. 2 red, old, track, 78c; do new, track, 76c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow, track, 35c; No. 2 mixed, track, 34c.

OATS—No 2 mixed, track, 25½c, No 2 white (choice Iowa), track, 28c.

HOGS—Select shippers, $3.95@4.00; select butchers, $3.90@3.95; fair to good packers, $3.80@3.90; fair to good light, $3.60@3.80, common and roughs, $3.25@3.75.

CATTLE—Fair to good shippers, $4.40@4.85; good to choice butchers, $4.25@4.65; fair to medium butchers, $3.25@4.15, common, $2.75@3.15.

SHEEP—Extras, $3.85@4.00; good to choice, $3.25@3.75; common to fair, $2.50@3.15.

LAMBS—Extras, $6.05@6.25; good to choice, $5.25@6.00; common to fair, $4.25@5.00.

VEAL CALVES—Fair to good light, $6.00@6.50; common and large, $3.75@5.75.

CHICAGO, July 16.

WHEAT—July, 73¼c; August, 68⅝c; September, 67⅝@67¾c; December, 67⅝c.

CORN—July, 33⅝c, September 33⅝@34c; December, 34¼c, May, 36¼c.

OATS—July, 23⅝c; September, 19⅝c; May, 22⅝@22⅞c.

BARLEY—Cash No. 3, 30 to 50c.

RYE—July, 50c; August, 45½c; September, 46c.

The editor of the Evans City, Pa., Globe writes: "One Minute Cough Cure is rightly named. It saved my children after all other remedies failed." It cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner North and Main.

Free Tickets.

Free tickets to Hover Park auditorium with every pair of shoes at Gooding's, 230 north Main street.

When the delivery of the News is irregular please make complaint to the office. It would be a favor to the management.

STATE NEWS.

Wellston Man Badly Wounded in the Battle at Santiago.

Marion Woman's Awful Fate—New and Interesting Happenings Within Our Borders.

Special to The News.

SPRINGFIELD, O., July 18.—The recently constructed bicycle path between Springfield and South Charleston has been ruined by persons riding horseback over it. County Commissioner Hinckle says that next week the commissioners will begin an independent path near the fence and will build a ditch between it and the main road. It will be constructed of crushed stone and will cost $1.5 per mile.

Wellston Man Badly Wounded.

WELLSTON, O., July 18.—James Fechet has just returned home from Santiago badly wounded in the side. Fechet was shot by a Mauser bullet in the assault on San Juan and has been sent north to recover. At the outbreak of the war he enlisted in the 6th regiment, United States cavalry, of which his father is colonel, and was sent ahead in a detail of soldiers several days before the invasion of Cuba.

By Convention.

COLUMBUS, O., July 18.—Nominations on the republican ticket will be made in Franklin county by convention this year, the same as last, in spite of the opposition to this plan manifested by many of the candidates. The county central committee met Sunday, at the call of Chairman McCafferty, and decided on July 29 as the day on which the primaries shall be held, while the convention will follow on July 30.

Shirt Sleeves Permissible

TOLEDO, O., July 18.—The Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo railway Co., has issued a new order countermanding a former rule which did not allow male passengers to occupy with their coats off seats in the ladies' coaches. Now the gentleman passengers are permitted to sit in their shirt sleeves if they want to and nobody dare say "scat."

Books in Good Shape.

COLUMBUS, O., July 18.—A committee of the Ohio Mine workers, appointed to examine the books of the state organization, finished its labors. It reports the finances of the organization in excellent condition. The receipts for the year were $3,891 and the disbursements $3,190, leaving a balance on hand of $701.

Woman's Awful Fate.

MARION, O., July 18.—Mrs. George Keyes, who lives five miles east, was fatally injured in a runaway. Her horse wrecked the buggy by running into a fence and before Mrs. Keyes could get out the frantic animal had kicked her in the face, fracturing her skull and gouging one eye out.

Green Hay Causes a Big Fire.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 18.—The mammoth stock barn of Silas Shook and smaller buildings, near the city, burned at midnight. The fire was caused by spontaneous combustion of 100 tons of green hay. The residence was saved by the city chemical engine. Loss, $20,000; insurance, $3,000.

Wants Another Trial.

TOLEDO, O., July 18.—Receiver Wellington R. Burt, of the Ann Arbor railroad, and the railway company itself do not appear to be satisfied with the big verdict of $24,000 given by the jury in favor of the Ashleys, and a motion for a new trial has been filed by Receiver Burt.

Logan Union Reform.

LOGAN, O., July 18.—The union reform party, in convention here, put in nomination the following ticket: Auditor, C W. Cox; treasurer, T. W. James; recorder, Noah Powell; commissioner, P. W. Graham; infirmary director, J. P. Spahr.

Fine Wheat Yield.

SPRINGFIELD, O., July 18.—A superb yield of wheat is reported from the Kalenz farm, where it averaged over 30 bushels to the acre, weigeing 61½ pounds at the machine. The average over the county will be about 20 bushels to the acre.

Freights Collide

YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 18.—Freight trains Nos. 96 and 269, on the Pittsburgh & Western, collided at Carbon, Pa. Conductor Newell was seriously injured and two brakemen badly hurt. The engines were smashed and several cars derailed.

Bought the Whole Lot.

EATON, O., July 18.—Rudolph Kleybolte & Co., of Cincinnati, purchased the entire lot of county building and bridge bonds offered for sale last Saturday, at a premium of $2,872.

Fatally Shot by Tramps.

GALION, O., July 18.—Mike Hardeman, aged 39, single, was shot through the left lung while in a box car from Marion with tramps. He lives in Pittsburgh. He can not recover.

Hospital Train for Fort Thomas.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 18.—August Griepenstook, troop D, 1st cavalry, who came to Fort McPherson with the last detachment of wounded men, is dead of heart failure. The others are doing well. The hospital train left Saturday for Fort Thomas, Ky.

Lieut. John Blandin Dead.

BALTIMORE, July 18.—Lieut. John J. Blandin, who was officer of the deck on the Maine when she was destroyed in Havana harbor, died here Saturday. His death was the result of the shock to his nervous system sustained on the fatal night of the explosion.

SHORT SPECIALS.

The commissioner of internal revenue has held that receipts used as checks to draw money from banks are subject to the stamp tax.

The extension of the rural free delivery postal service authorized by the last congress is being pushed forward as rapidly as circumstances will permit.

Nearly 60,000 of the 75,000 volunteers asked for by the president in his second call for troops have been recruited and most of them have been mustered into service.

Seventeen miners who left Dawson City June 28 have arrived at Seattle, Wash., on the steamer City of Seattle, bringing with them gold dust and drafts estimated at $600,000. Of this amount $150,000 was in dust.

El Imparcial says that a member of the ministry declares that negotiations for peace with the United States are only possible so far as the question of Cuba is concerned. To demand more would be to say that Spain must commit suicide.

Gen. Chambers McKibbon, who has been appointed temporary military governor of Santiago, is a member of an old and well known Pennsylvania family. He was born in Chambersburg, not far from the famous Gettysburg battlefield.

It is expected by the navy department that but few ships of Adm. Sampson's squadron will enter the harbor at Santiago. Enough vessels will be sent in to put the harbor in condition for naval operations and the needs of American interests.

The harbor of Santiago will be cleared of mines as speedily as possible, and then be utilized as a naval station and harbor of refuge. It is admirably fitted to be a safe resort for American shipping in the hurricane season which is now upon us.

Government engineers and surveyors have arrived at Champlain, Clinton county, N. Y., for the preliminary survey of the proposed great ship waterway, between the great lakes and the Hudson, via the St. Lawrence river and Lake Champlain.

A member of the Spanish cabinet in an interview Sunday asserted that the government was seeking an honorable peace with the United States. An official dispatch from Porto Rico says 150 cases of ammunition exploded there, killing 14 persons and wounding many others.

Gen. Miles is anxious to remove the troops from Cuba as soon as possible, even if they have to be kept on the transport ships for a time before moving against Porto Rico, and is therefore eagerly awaiting the determination of the further campaign by the Washington government.

Capt. Hunker, of the gunboat Annapolis, returned Sunday to Playa del Este from Baracoa, where he had been three days watching for blockade runners. He had a slight engagement there with the Spanish who fired upon him with field pieces, but did no injury. Capt. Hunker returned the fire, setting fire to and burning the Spanish barracks.

Gen. Miles said Sunday: "I am most gratified over the surrender of Santiago. The terms are just as good as an unconditional surrender. The Spanish troops would eventually have to be sent to Spain; by sending them at once we feed and keep them for only a month or so instead of perhaps a year. It would be hard work to keep them in Cuba."

Capt. William McKettrick, who had the honor to raise the stars and stripes over the palace in Santiago, is an aide-de-camp on the staff of Gen. Shafter. On May 12 he was appointed by the president to be an assistant adjutant general, with the rank of captain, and was assigned soon afterwards to the 5th army corps, now under Shafter's command in Cuba. He is a resident of California.

Capt. Gen. Blanco at Havana will be deprived of all means of communication with his government at Madrid except through a strict censorship when the American army formally takes possession of Santiago. There can be no doubt on this question as Gen. Shafter will direct immediately on taking charge of the city that American operators be placed in the telegraph office there.

Paper Floors in Germany.

Paper floors are becoming popular in Germany, as the absence of joints does away with the accumulation of dust, vermin, or hurtful fungi; they are bad conductors of heat and sound, and, though really hard, feel soft under the foot.

A Land of Loafers.

Manila is a land of siestas. All who can sleep there all day long, and slumber there is reduced to a science. Hammocks abound and couches of bamboo are in every home, hotel, club, store and loafing place.

DEATH'S HARVEST

Both Flowers and Bearded Grain Bound in the Sheaves.

MANY INFANTS DIE OF

Summer Complaint—Record of the Doings of the Death Angel in This City and Surrounding Community—Time and Place of the Funerals.

Johnnie, the 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Tate, residing at 225 North Chfton street, died this morning at an early hour of cholera infantum. The little fellow has been ill but a few days and his condition was not deemed as serious as it really was until death came. The funeral services will be held Wednesday at the residence, Rev. Coleman, of the A. M. E. church, officiating. Interment at Woodlawn.

Mrs. Della Starbuck, wife of W. C. Starbuck, a well known and highly respected citizen of this city, died Sunday morning at nine o'clock at 731 High street. The deceased has been ill for several months. It was not until very recently, however, that her life was despaired of. She was an earnest, conscientious christian woman, a true mother and a lovable wife. She leaves a husband and two children to mourn her loss.

The funeral services will be held Tuesday at 8 a. m. at the residence. The body will be taken to Ridgewood for interment.

Miss Julia Nickels, the daughter of Mrs. Sophia Nickels, residing at 203 Water street, died last evening at shortly before 7 o'clock. She was in the 23rd year of her life and has been ailing for a long time. Date of funeral not set as yet.

Harvy Arnold, the 6-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Arnold, residing at 521 Holmes avenue, died Sunday morning at 8 o'clock. The funeral services were held this morning at the residence of the grandfather, where the child died, Rev. Albright officiating. Interment at Woodlawn.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT

To the Little Child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Currie, of South Main Street.

Mrs. Currie, wife of General Manager Currie, of the Lima Railway Co., and children, returned home last night from an extended visit in London, Canada. They came in on the D. & L. N. railroad and just before the train reached this station they stepped to the platform preparatory to getting off and in some manner the little girl had her left foot caught between the bumpers and two of the toes were badly crushed.

Attend Hover's Park tonight, and see the most wonderful performance that for the price was ever seen.

DISTINGUISHED PRISONERS.

Adm. Cervera and the Other Officers of His Fleet Attend Divine Worship in St. Mary's Catholic Church.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., July 18.—Maryland's ancient capital was crowded Sunday with curiosity seekers who came from Baltimore, Washington and elsewhere by rail and by water in the hope of getting a peep at Adm. Cervera and the men who fought and lost in the great naval fight off Santiago. Those who reached here early in the morning were rewarded for their trouble, as nearly all the prisoners, including the admiral, attended divine service at St. Mary's Roman Catholic church, where they offered up thanks for their deliverance from the fate that overtook so many of their less fortunate comrades who fell before the relentless fire of the American guns on July 3.

At the close of the services the officers returned to the naval academy and spent the balance of the day in strolling about the grounds or lounging on the broad piazzas which surround most of the buildings in which the prisoners are quartered. They are rapidly becoming accustomed to their surroundings and seem cheerful and contented. Ample provision has been made for their comfort, their food is plentiful and of the best quality, and clothes will be provided for such as will accept.

Capt. Eulate, of the Vizcaya, is the only one of the officers who has thus far refused to sign the parole pledge. His reasons for it are that Adm. Cervera was only required to give a verbal promise, and that his (Eulate's) rank entitles him to the same privilege. The authorities here have no doubt that the matter will be amicably arranged and that the scruples of the gallant officer may be overcome.

Virtuously Indignant.

Conductor—'Old tight, lady!

Fare—Oo are you callin' a old tight lady? Impident young feller!—London Punch.

HELLENIC ART.

Differs in One Respect from That of Other Nations.

Hellenic art differs in one very important respect from that of other nations, whether in ancient or modern times, in that it was not long confined to any close profession or privileged class, but soon became the profession of the whole Greek people. It was the genuine product of that peculiar Greek nature and temperament which only recognized the good as the beautiful, and the beautiful as the good; which made no distinction between the form and what it embodied, between beauty and truth; and which was ever seeking for the most natural and beautiful expression of sublime conceptions and tender emotions. Born in Heaven, reared amid the fairest scenes of earth, and quickened by a vivid sense of beauty, Hellenic art was in its earliest years the companion of poetry and the handmaid of religion. It was at the same time natural in the case of such a people as the Greeks, and in the highest degree fortunate that their religious system was in the main the creation of their poets, in whom clearness of vision, force and brilliancy of imagination, exquisite sense of harmony and beauty were leading characteristics. The poets, and especially Homer, gave a definite and appropriate shape to the powers which rule in external nature, and in the human heart, and expressed their eternal operations as personal acts and eventful histories. Poetry and religion combined to create a new world of gods and heroes from which plastic art derived its inspiration, its types and models, and by endowing them with a visible, tangible form, gave the desired expression to thoughts and feelings common to the whole Greek race. The insight and the skill with which Greek artists embodied the conceptions of the poets are abundantly attested by the fact that the outlines of the types which they drew in that early age have not even yet been obliterated by the wear of centuries from the imaginations and the hearts of men.—Architect Gazette.

Will She Be Pleased?

An attache of the Chinese legation the other day in a photographer's shop was buying all the photographs of pretty girls that the proprietor was at liberty to sell, and he betrayed an especial fondness for young women in evening dress. The more generous the display of polished shoulder the better he was pleased. I asked him what he intended doing with the photographs, says a writer in the Washington Post. "I shall send them to my wife in China," he said. "She has never been in America. She will be happy to see how the Washington young ladies look." And perhaps she will be, but I have my doubts.

WANTS

All notices inserted in this column must be paid for in advance. Twenty-five cents is charged for one insertion and 35c for three insertions.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework in a small family. Good wages. MRS. W. L. PARMESTER, 803 West Market street. 913

FOUND — POCKETBOOK — Containing money. The owner can have same by calling and identifying same and paying for this ad.

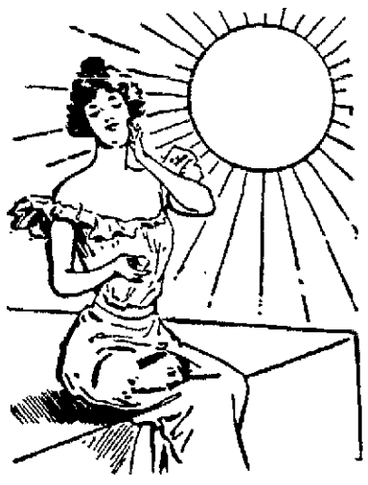
FOR SALE—DISPLAY CARDS—At the News office. "Furnished Rooms," "For Sale" and "For Rent." tf

WANTED—Agent for an excellent article. Good wages to right party, and easy work. Apply at once, or address M. C. Wurstner, northeast corner North and Jackson. 213*

TO LET — Good, clean kept furnished rooms for sleeping purposes at reasonable prices, one-half square from opera house. Address "Rooms," News Office.

FOR RENT—A house of 12 rooms to rent, next door east of Gazette Block. Inquire of E. W. Jackson, News Office.

SENSIBLE WOMEN.



Ideas are different now than a few years ago. People used to think it was wrong to put cosmetics on the face. Now every woman of judgment and taste will have some preparation at hand to assist in taking off the tan or roughness. It is better than letting it wear off. Better, too, than letting it stay on. We have the best remedy in our Creams. Ladies all endorse it.

ENTERPRISE DRUG STORE.

OPEN ALL NIGHT

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

G. E. BLUEM 57 PUBLIC SQUARE. G. E. BLUEM.

If you buy a dollar's worth of Dry Goods at this store, ask for a ticket that will admit you to the entertainment at Hover Park Auditorium.

PARASOL PLUMS.

It's harvest time now in the sunshade stock, and we don't propose to be caught napping. Price reductions prevail---liberal reductions made with a view to closing out the stock while the demand is at its height.

Fancy Parasols at $1.00, worth $1.75.
Fancy Parasols at 1.25, worth 1.75.
Fancy Parasols at 1.50, worth 2.25.
Fancy Parasols at 1.75, worth 2.50.
Fancy Parasols at 2.00, worth 3.00.
Fancy Parasols at 2.50, worth 4.00.
Fancy Parasols at 3.50, worth 5.00.
Fancy Parasols at 5.00, worth 6.50.

Remnants of Summer Wash Goods

Quite a large lot of Choice Summer Wash Goods Remnants will be put on sale tomorrow. Remnants at half and less than half of their regular selling price.

Embroidery Sale.

4 1-2 yards strips of Embroideries at 1-3 and 1-2 less than their regular values. Two hundred styles to select from.

You cannot hesitate now---the values wont allow it. Every lady ought to see these 4 1-2 yards strips of Embroideries. You may not need them for the present, but it may pay you to secure such a bargain as these now.

G. E. BLUEM.

57 Public Square.

The Popular Dry Goods, Dress Goods and Shoe House.

EVENTS TONIGHT.

German Red Men.
City Council.
F. & A. M., No. 205.
Tailors' Union.
J. B. I. U. of A., 58
Colored I. O. O. F.
I. O. F. Court, 560.
Lima Camp, Modern Woodmen.

ABOUT THE CITY.

Late Local News in a Condensed Form For the Busy Readers.

The vocal concert at McCullough's lake Sunday evening was a very enjoyable affair.

The Choral Society will hold a picnic at Hover's park tomorrow afternoon and evening.

St. Raphael's Catholic church was dedicated at Springfield yesterday with appropriate ceremonies.

The W. R. C. will meet in Memorial Hall this evening at 7 o'clock to finish bandages for Co. C.

The races at Faurot's driving park Saturday afternoon were very exciting and deserved a larger attendance.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Curtis, of Zanesville, a baby boy. Mrs. Curtis was formerly Miss Emma Haller, of this city.

Wapak is making up a fund to erect a monument to Elmer E. Mayer, of Co. L, 2d Regt., the first from the town to die in this war.

George Hull wants to run for Congress in the Toledo district. That is not surprising; George is usually the Hull thing when he is around in or out of a job.—Delphos Courant.

Wm. Morrison, a rig builder, of south Pine street, while at work on a derrick in the Bluffton field Saturday, buried a broad ax in his left leg just below the knee, and will be laid up for some time on account of the injury.

A case of small pox was reported from the Delphos road, just north of this place, Monday. The township board of health made an investigation and it turned out to be a case of chicken pox.—Spencerville Journal.

There was another flag raising Saturday afternoon. This time the employes at Deisel & Company's cigar factory, on west Wayne street, unfurled the stars and stripes. Robert Plate, employed as bookkeper, delivered an address on the American flag and a number of salutes were fired from a small cannon.

...ville Record: Saturday ... Brennen, a junk dealer, ... brought into Squire ... to answer to a charge ... from Marion La... after a preliminary ... Brennen over to the court of common pleas. Bond was furnished and the prisoner returned home to the bosom of his family.

PERSONAL.

Late Record of Limaites Abroad and Visitors in the City.

Mrs. S. G. Hopkins, of Portsmouth, O., is here making a pleasant vis it

Harry Holdworth spent Sunday at Fort Wayne, Ind.

Miss Bertha Lee is at the home of her sister, Mrs. Geo. Paullis, for an extended visit.

Mrs. Lerch and children leave tomorrow for Adrain on an extended visit with her people.

Jack Edmonds, of the Croninger Jewelry Factory, Cincinnati, was home yesterday with his wife.

Dr. VanNote returned yesterday from his vacation on the St. Lawrence and in the White Mountains.

The Misses Kate Musner and Celia Martin, of the South Side, are guests of friends at McCartyville, O.

Miss Maud Fichthorn, a former Lima girl, but now of Bellefontaine, is the guest of Caroline Agerter.

Mrs. Weber and daughter, of Greenville, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Avery, left today for home.

Miss Seeney, of Toledo, arrived here Saturday afternoon and accompanied C. D. Crites and wife to Petoskey.

Mrs. Dr. C. D. Peck, of Sandusky, is in the city the guest of her cousin, Mrs. J. H. Upp, of west North street.

MONEY TO LOAN

AT 6 PER CENT. in sums of $300 up, on FARM LANDS AND CITY PROPERTY. Loans made for long time, with privilege of paying all, or part, at any interest day. LOANS MADE AT ONCE. Call on us when you want CHEAP money on EASY terms.

LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

Rooms 1 and 2 Metropolitan Block, LIMA.
D. C. HENDERSON, Attorney.

MONEY TO LOAN

In sums of $100.00 and upward on long time, improved city and farm property, at low rate of interest. Building loans made. Loans can be made upon the monthly plan if desired. No delay. See us before leaving your application elsewhere.

R. W. WALLACE & CO.

ROOM 6 HOLMES BLOCK, - LIMA, O.

WE WASH BEFORE WE IRON! A trial will convince you we know our business. Popular prices. Family Laundry a specialty. 'Phone two and the wagon will call. M3†

THE NIAGARA STEAM LAUNDRY,
209 EAST HIGH STREET.

county's prominent politicians, is here today from Wapakoneta, booming the Auglaize county fair.

Mrs. Charley Stolzenbach and children, of north Union street, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Mary Hickey, are in Utica, Ohio, for an extended visit.

Miss Gertrude Kendell, bookkeeper in the office of the Lima Railway Company, is enjoying her vacation in Cleveland, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Harry Jamison.

Mrs. Sol Lichtenstader, who has been the guest of relatives, left yesterday for her home in Cleveland, accompanied by Mrs. N. L. Michael and daughter, Irene.

Frank Klatte, the popular young salesman at E. M. Gooding's shoe store, returned last night from an extended visit in Jamestown, N. Y., and other eastern cities.

THE PROGRAM

For the benefit concert to be given by the Knights of the Golden Eagle at Hover park, July 21, has been completed and is certainly worth the price of admission, and is given in full below:

Address.....Rev. I. J. Miller
Instrumental Duet.....Piano and Violin
Miss Lillian Kline and Ralph Lewis.
Solo.....Selected.
Mayme Peat.
Recitation—"Cuban Crists"....Lizzie Stants
Solo.....Selected
Mrs. Bacon.
Delsarte Drill.....
Mrs. Lenore Evans Crumrine and Class.
Baritone Solo—"My Sweetheart's Gone Down With the Maine" Frank Wheeler
Recitation.....Grace Huntley
Solo—"For All Eternity".....Mascheroni
(Violin and piano accompaniment by Prof. Frey and Prof. Dann.)
Mrs. R. H. Ebersole.
Piano Duet.....Misses Peat and Lehmann
Delsarte Posing.....
Mrs. Lenore Evans Crumrine and Class.
Solo—"Who is at Window".....
.....Miss Permilia Simons
Piano Solo.....Clarence Clary
Duet.....Selected
Mr. and Mrs. Ebersole.
Male Quartette.....
Messrs. Dana, Simpson, Cotner and Bogardus.

Admission, 25 cents; children, 10 cents.

LAST SUNDAY

Tidd Sold 100 Gallons of Ice Cream—The Best Made.

Tidd's ice cream parlor is open at all times and is prepared to supply cream of the best make to all private and public picnics, socials or excursion parties at the most reasonable rates. Cream delivered to any part of the city on short notice. Send in your orders or call at Tidd's ice cream parlors, 208 east North street. 2 3

Thousands of persons have been cured of piles by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals promptly and cures eczema and all skin diseases. It gives immediate relief. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North.

THE WAGES OF SIN.

An Indiscretion Costs Lena Beerline Her Life.

COUNTRY GIRL ATTEMPTS

To Conceal Her Shame, and Dies in the Throes of Mortal Agony—She is Deserted by Friends and Relatives—Cruelly Turned Down by Her Sisters—Dr. Beam Arrested.

One of the saddest and at the same time one of the most horrible crimes that has graced the police docket in this city for many years, was developed yesterday afternoon, when at the instigation of Coroner Burton and Health Officer Laudick, Chief of Police Watts who arrested Dr. U. S. Beam, a colored physician.

The case is enveloped in mystery and surrounded with many unspeakable details, and yet tells a sad story of suffering and death that would make an interesting theme for the humanitarian. A poor girl, an outcast in the world, deserted in her last hour by relatives and friends at the last moment, thought to conceal her shame even though death itself be the penalty.

The initiative of the story was about the first of July when Lena Beerline, a domestic and dressmaker who since her residence in this city has resided in upstairs rooms, on North Main street, went to Dr. U. S. Beam, a colored physician, and told the story of her indiscretion and shame.

It seems the girl had already asked three other doctors in the city to perform a criminal operation, which they all promptly refused to do. The girl as a last resort called on Dr. Beam and after explaining her position and making the doctor understand what she wanted, a price of $15, it is said, was named for the work and agreed upon.

According to agreement at Dr. Beam's office and under his supervision and care, it is stated further, the dastardly act was done on the afternoon of July 1st. On July 3d, Sunday, the girl was very sick and lay unconscious for hours, and her death was hourly expected. She revived after a time, however, and on the morning of the 4th of July the change came, and the doctor supposed his patient was on a fair way to recovery, and omitting details supposed the "pons assanorum" had been passed. For a few days the girl appeared to get better. After that, however, there was a change and for days she lay in the shadow of death, almost unwatched and unattended, when she grew so much worse that those who were about her sent many times for Dr. U. S. Beam. He apparently had become frightened and refused to answer the call.

In the meantime the girl was suffering misery and pain untold. Other physicians were sent for and responded, and when they became acquainted with the details of the case, they fled with hands upheld in horror. Dr. Laudick was the last apprised of the condition of affairs, and regardless of results and without money and without price he took the case when the girl was virtually at death's door and labored with her for days, in vain attempt to save her life.

The good Samaritan had come too late. She was beyond all human help and care when Dr. Laudick appeared in the case, and yesterday afternoon, eighteen days after the operation, she paid the penalty of her indiscretion with her life.

It seems after a careful investigation of the facts in the case, that while perhaps the operation was the primary cause of the unfortunate girl's death the awful result was superinduced by neglect and want of care, and to use the expression of the physicians who have looked into the case: "The neglect was criminal and should be severely punished."

The dead girl came here recently from a country village—Geyer—in Auglaize county, where her parents, who are quite wealthy and very respectable people, now reside.

Yesterday, in the presence of police officials and coronor and the attend-physician, fully realizing that her death was at hand, she made a dying declaration in which she charged Dr. U. S. Beam with performing a criminal abortion.

The death scene was an impressive one, and brought tears to the eyes of the strong hearted physicians and police officials. The girl knew she was dying and has two sisters residing in South Lima. These are the only friends or relatives she has in this city. They were sent for and heartlessly refused to come, saying she died as the fool dieth, and that she had forfeited all claims of relationship to decent people.

The girl called for her sisters in her dying delerium, and in tears and incoherent prayers she died.

Chief Watts last night sent two officers after Dr. Beam, and he appeared before Mayor Prophet and pleaded not guilty to the charge opposite his name, and was bound over to await the action of the grand jury, and his bail placed at the sum of $1,000. The bond was furnished by Mr. Homminger, the colored tonsorial artist.

Dr. Beam said to-day that he performed the operation, but that he did it only as a medical necessity and that he could establish his innocence at the proper time.

Public feeling is very strong against the doctor however, and it is to be hoped he can clean his skirts of the miserable affair. He is a young man, recently located in this city, and has already won the esteem of his people here, and was in a fair way to succeed, but he will be ruined forever, here, unless he can establish his innocence.

The deceased was about thirty years old and came here from Geyer, Auglaize county, where the remains will be taken for interment.

It was given out at police headquarters today that Robert Graham, who resides near St. John, was the betrayer of the dead girl and that he will be arrested and prosecuted along with Dr. Beam. It is not proven whether or not he was in any way responsible or in any way implicated in the scheme which resulted so fatally for the girl.

Wonderful Values in

WHITE GOODS.

They're a bargain ahead of anything you have seen in a long time, and without doubt the most desirable goods one could possibly buy.

White Dimities in all the pretty checks, stripes, plaids and lace effects, cheap at 15c, in this sale at 9c

White Dimities in all the pretty checks, stripes, plaids and lace effects, cheap at 20c, in this sale at 11c

Mid-Summer Bargains All Through the Store.

Ladies' Crash Skirts at..... 48c
Linen Skirts and Suits at special values.
$1.50 and $1.98 Shirt Waists, now..... 98c
75c Shirt Waists, now..... 49c
50c Belts, now..... 35c
25c Shirt Waists Sets, now..... 19c
Parasols that were $2.50 and $3.00, now..... $1.98
Parasols that were $3.98 and $4.50, now..... $2.98
Best $1.00 White Chamois Gloves..... 79c
Pretty Corset Covers at..... 25 and 50c
Summer bargains in Hosiery.
Summer bargains in Knit Underwear.

Feldmann & Co

209 and 211 N. Main St.

BIG SENSATION

At the Railroad Wreck Sale, Opposite the Court House

The terrible slaughter of prices in clothing and shoes at the Railroad Wreck Sale, has caused a big sensation. It is no wonder; fine Suits for men, all to match at $2.98, worth $12.00. Good, durable, stylish shoes, 98c, worth $3.50. Fine shoes for (Ladies' Vici Kid) $1.49, worth $5.00. Good working pants, 63c, worth $2.50. Fine dress pants, $1.49, worth $5.00. Fine dress shirts, 21c, worth $2.00. Neckties, all shades, 2c, worth 25c, and 30,000 other bargains too numerous to mention. Remember, only a few more days. Avail yourselves of this one grand opportunity to get clothing, shoes, etc., at your own price. RAILROAD WRECK SALE,

North Main street, opposite Court House.

Sample Lot Sale.

We have just received a large lot of Men's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes, and the same will be placed on sale tomorrow, Saturday, July 16, at one-third off. These are sample lots and are big bargains. Come and take them while they last.

THE HUB SHOE STORE.

fri&mon

Sick headache, biliousness, constipation and all liver and stomach troubles can be quickly cured by using those famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They are pleasant to take and never gripe. H. F. Vortkamp, north east corner North and Main.

Don't fail to read the want ads. in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you. tf

IN THE LAST CHARGE

Of the Battle at Santiago Johnnie Dunn, of This City, Received His Injuries.

Johnnie Dunn, of this city, who was wounded in the battle at Santiago has written home. He is now located at Fort McPherson, Ga., and writes that he expects to return to Lima in about one month. The letter was received by his sister, Mrs. Madigan, and contained a very interesting account of the battle. Among other things he stated that he received his injuries in the last charge made, and hobbled to the hospital about one mile distant, where he found 1500 wounded soldiers dying at the rate of one every two hours. The letter contained many things of importance but his relatives preferred that the contents not be made public.

A Snap.

The street cars are already running through Meily's addition. Paving on west Wayne street to this addition commences next Monday, and paving on west North street to this addition is already approved by the city council. There is no part of this wonderful little city where such wondrous strides forward are as certain; no place where a home would be more desirable, and no place where it will be as sure to grow into money. Present prices can not long be had with all these improvements. Come quick and join the thrifty, foreseeing boys that are investing and arranging to build houses.

CURTIS F. ASH, Agent,
Opera House Block.

Free Tickets.

Free tickets to Hover Park auditorium with every pair of shoes at Gooding's, 230 north Main street.

FOR PURE WINES, WHISKIES AND BRANDIES, GO TO THE CALIFORNIA WINE CO.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Woman and Her Ways

Mrs. George Vanderbilt, nee Dresser, boasted upon her marriage that her trousseau was exceedingly modest. Nevertheless it was chosen with such good taste that reports of its beauty are constantly reaching the country.

One of her charming evening dresses which she wore the second week of her wedding tour was of green organdie of the shade sometimes known as rubber

A BRIDE'S EVENING DRESS.

plant green It was figured with very large bunches of ciel blue flowers. The waist had a folded vest of ciel blue lisse coming from under side pieces of green organdie Ecru lace fell over the arms and vest.

In her hair was a bunch of ciel blue silk flowers in their green leaves Her jewels were turquoise and she wore a stomacher of double faced blue satin with four large cut steel buttons upon it. Her gloves were ecru

A charming toilette this, and one, you will say, that was not impossible even to the purse of other than a Vanderbilt bride HELEN GREY-PAGE.

* *

The following invitations have been issued for this week.

Mrs Emma Thompson,
Miss Rosabel Kevs,
At Home,
Wednesday Eve., July 20, 1898.
9 O'clock. 244 South Pierce Street.

* *

1890 1898.
Won't you come to my tea party
All my playmates will be there,
Thursday, July 21.
5 to 6. YETTA STUMP.

* *

OTHER EVENTS.

A dinner party was held on Saturday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frye on North Jefferson street, in honor of Mrs. S. Rumbaugh and daughter, Mrs M. Smith, of Cincinnati, and Mrs. Churchhill, of Sidney, Ohio

* *

The Spinet Club has elected Mrs. Blanche Wheeler president, and Frances Colvin secretary.

* *

Mrs. P. Lown, of High and Elizabeth, entertained Saturday a number of her friends in a most delightful manner.

* *

Saturday evening was without a doubt a most perfect evening for the 40 young society people who responded to the invitations issued by Miss Lenore Vail to attend a cake-walk. The guests were escorted to reserved seats in the auditorium beneath a tent where Judges W. B. Roche, W. R. Mehaffey, C. H. Cole, J. C. Thompson, George Chisholm, Alf Baxter and George Thrift occupied a box, while peanut gallery was there in full force. Mr. Reed Wallace was master of ceremonies, and at a quarter of ten the strains of "A Hot Time in the Old Town To-night," pealed forth while Rastus and Liza stepped down the driveway, followed by other Flossies and Dossies who represented typical darkeys from de South. Squire Becker and Samantha Hutchinson winning de cake, while Dough-face Neely and Sis Young came second, who was presented with a smaller cake (of soap) and all kinds of hoe-downs were in order intermingled with popular airs as "Way Down Yonder in de Corn Field." Lovely summer delicacies were next on the program. Flambeaux here and there turned the pretty lawn into daylight as it were, and to try and comment would be useless, and as a final would say it was great

* *

Society is divided this summer between French and English hair dressing. French hair dressing is pompadour. The hair, if not naturally curly, is puffed over the forehead and around

THE FRENCH GIRL.

the face, after which it is brought up into a big knot on the top of the head For evening it is decorated with narrow ribbon and sprays of silk perfumed flowers.

The English coiffure, on the other hand, begins by parting the hair in the

THE ENGLISH GIRL.

middle. It is puffed on each side of the part and is draped in such a way as to form a big knot low in the nape of the neck. This gives a low forehead and covers the ears becomingly.

It will be noticed that most of the new styles of hair dressing are so arranged as to cover the ears, after the fashion originated by Cleo de Merode.

HELEN GREY-PAGE

E C Blanks, of Lewisville, Texas, writes that one box of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was worth $50 to him. It cured his piles of ten years standing. He advises others to try it. It also cures eczema, skin diseases and obstinate sores. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North.

AN AMBULANCE CALL

To Take a Cripple From One Depot to Another.

Today shortly after noon, an ambulance call was received at Grosjean's to take a patient from one depot across the city to another. The cripple, E. S. Cannon, came to this city from Sidney over the C., H. & D. and was transferred to the C. & E. depot to go to Chicago. The man is about thirty years old, and has not been out of bed for twenty years. He is horribly deformed, yet is perfectly intelligent and hopes to be cured. He is on his way to see a Chicago doctor.

"I think DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the finest preparation on the market for piles." So writes John C. Dunn, of Wheeling, W. Va. Try it and you will think the same. It also cures eczema and all skin diseases. H. F. Vortcamp, north east corner North and Main.

Trained dogs and monkeys at Hover's park tonight.

Reduction Sale

—OF—

CHILDREN'S

Headwear and Baby Caps

Is now going on at

MRS. F. LIGHT'S

MILLINERY STORE,

North Main Street.

The stock comprises an elegant assortment of new goods which must be reduced at once. You will be benefitted by calling. Goods will be sold at almost your own price.

ALONG THE LINES.

Local and General Notes About the Railroads and Shops.

Wm. Lawther, day yard conductor in the P. F. yards, is taking a vacation of one week.

Conductor George Williams, of the east end local on the P., Ft. W. & C., has returned to work after laying off several weeks.

Conductor Frank Rogers, who has been running on the P. F. local for the past month, returned to his home in Ft. Wayne Sunday.

Keeler Clark, who has been with the Chicago & Erie road in this city for a number of years, recently serving as day yard clerk and baggage master, has resigned.

A switch engine on the L. E. & W. railroad struck a hand car at the curve near Kibby street Saturday evening, but fortunately all of the section men succeeded in escaping injury.

Day baggage master John Fullerton of the P. F. road, is taking a week's vacation. Night baggage master John Reed is working during his absence, while Frederick Cook is working in Mr Reed's place.

Charles F Kohler of Detroit, was in the city yesterday on his way to Wapakoneta, where he visited his parents over Sunday. Mr Kohler is in the employ of the D. & L. N. freight department at Detroit.

TERRIFFIC GALE.

A Party of Lima Gentlemen in a Storm on Lake Erie.

An Experience They Will Not Soon Forget—They Were Prepared for the Worst, However.

A party of Lima gentlemen consisting of Messrs. Curtis F. Ash, T. E. Thompson, Lee Beeler, Prof. Clem, Mart Manuel, Ralph Durnbaugh, George Metheany, J. M McCarty and Bradley went to Toledo Sunday morning on a pleasure jaunt. They chartered a launch for the day and when thirteen miles out in Lake Erie a terrific storm came up so suddenly that they had no chance to reach a place of safety. The wind blew an awful gale and the captain of the launch, after the party had been safely landed, remarked that it was one of the worst storms he had witnessed on Lake Erie in twenty years. The boat came near capsizing several times and the occupants had buckled on their life preservers and were prepared for the worst. It was a frightful experience, and one that will not be forgotten soon by the above gentlemen.

COURT NEWS.

Items of Interest in and About the Temple of Justice.

A Few Real Estate Transfers and Points of Passing Interest—Gossip Interesting All.

The Metropolitan Bank vs. Frances Roberts and John D. Roberts, in an action of cognovit.

TRANSCRIPT.

C.C. Snyder vs. Manning & Mitchell for money.

FORECLOSURE.

Wm. Sibble, plaintiff, vs. Mary Goonan, et al.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

Charley Wood and Cora Jennings.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

David W. Jenkins and wife to Maurice Ream and David Ream, lots 5082 and 110 in Satterthwaite addition to Lima, $390.

James W. Tursel to Adam Roberts and Rebecca Roberts, lot 2230 and 2331, Satterthwaite's addition to Lima, $950.

NOTES.

County Clerk Elect Jordan and Deputy Clerk Swaggert, of Trumbull county, visited the court house today.

County Auditor Walther has returned from an extended visit with friends on the lakes.

W. B. Shappell and wife entertained at Sunday dinner Mrs. Keller, of Louisville, Ky., Elias Bowsher and Michael Sullivan, of Shawnee township.

Harry Deitz, of Trenton, Ohio, and his sister, Miss Carrie Deitz, of Hamilton, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Eckhart, South Union street.

When the delivery of the News is irregular please make complaint to the office. It would be a favor to the management.

CRIMINAL CASES

Heard in Mayor Prophet's and Squire Atmur's Court Today.

A FEW SUNDAY DRUNKS

Left Over—The Rih-Raf and Bob-Tail of the City's Under Stratum Heaved up by Beer Waves and Drift Into Police Court—The News of the Docket.

In the case of the State of Ohio vs. Burt Gilmore, a full account of which appeared in THE NEWS of some days since, when sheriff Bogart got out the extradition papers to bring Gilmore back to this city from Chicago. Gilmore, it will be remembered, stole a check from one Sam Riley, of Bluffton. Gilmore appeared before Squire Atmur today and pleaded not guilty, and in default of a $350 bail was sent to jail

Wordy W. Ward, the great detective, has smelled a rat, and proposes to distinguish himself by arresting a thief for a crime done in this city during the past summer some time. It seems that ex-grocery man Kyle lost a fine buggy at the above named time, and whether or not "Wordy" has just found it out or has been working upon the case in the rustle and hurry of midnight, and the calms and deathlike stillness of the noonday remains to be seen. "Wordy," however, polished up his two dollar badge, got out his detective commission; girded up his loins and started out in search of the guilty parties. The wicked will all tremble when "Wordy" approaches.

M. A. Calhoon became boisterous about 10 o'clock last night near Wayne street and in his discourse insulted Mrs. Ed Hatfield. He was arrested by Officer Smally and paid $12.50 for his little experience.

Wm. Hunter, a professional tramp, was arrested by Detective Ed. Croy last night, for begging money on the street. He is a big, strapping fellow, and amply able to work and, Mayor Prophet, taking advantage of the situation, fined him $12.00 and sent him to the work house to work out his fine.

Wm. Mulligan, a hobo, was found by Officer Seeds begging about the city. Mayor Prophet fined him $6.60, in default of the payment of which he was sent to the stone pile, where he will work out the fine.

James Leonard, supposed to be one of the fellows that broke into Sheehan's saloon, late Saturday afternoon, was arraigned before the mayor this morning. There was nothing to show that he had any part in the affair. He was held on a charge of vagrancy, however, and charged $6.60, in default of which he was sent to the stone pile.

Chas Kemp, who resides on the south side of the city, became involved in a fight with his brother Harry and was arrested yesterday morning. He pleaded not guilty. His trial was set for this afternoon.

Burt Ward and three others of his chums were arrested yesterday for overdriving one of J. C. Musser's horses.

Henry Snyder came here from Cairo on Saturday last and enjoyed a three-days' spree, much to the inconvenience and worriment of of his family. His son was in this city today looking for his father. He found him with the aid of the police, and the old man was taken home.

Visit the Hub Today.

The big and slashing cut sale inaugurated by the HUB SHOE STORE is attracting hosts of bargain hunters. The rush occasioned by the sale has necessitated the employment of additional help to wait on the many customers. With the additional salesmen all customers can be waited on promptly tomorrow.

The Chief Burgess of Milesburg, Pa., says DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills he ever used in his family during forty years of house keeping. They cure constipation, sick headache and stomach and liver troubles. Small in size but great in results. H. F. Vorteamp, north east corner North and Main.

HER BROTHER INJURED.

Mrs. James Lewis, of South Main Street, Receives Bad News.

Mrs. James Lewis, of south Main street, received a telegram yesterday from Toledo stating that her brother had been very badly injured while at work in the Baker foundry in that city. She left for Toledo early this morning.

Free Tickets.

Free tickets to Hover Park auditorium with every pair of shoes at Gooding's, 230 north Main street.

Bob Moore, of LaFayette, Ind., says that for constipation he has found DeWitt's Little Early Risers to be perfect. They never gripe. Try them for stomach and liver troubles. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner of Main and North.

The Very Best

Musical talent, both instrumental and vocal, has been secured for the

BENEFIT CONCERT,

HOVER'S PARK, JULY 21.

If you miss it you will be sorry.

ADMISSION 25c. CHILDREN 10 CENTS

TRADES COUNCIL

Will Hold an Interesting Session Tomorrow Night.

Every Delegate is Urged to be on Hand and Settle the Labor Day Question—Barbers Meet Tonight—Notes.

Let every delegate representing the various unions of the city be in attendance at Trades' Council meeting tomorrow night and take part in the main question which will come up for discussion—"Where to hold Labor Day celebration?"—and which will undoubtedly be decided at this session.

The question would have been decided long ago by the decision of the executive board to whom all power is delegated for this purpose, but the members, possessed with that spirit of fairness and justice realize that before taking any decisive steps it would be wise to lay the matter before the general body and have it settled at a regular meeting, so that no member can say hereafter that it was done without his voice or vote.

The Council needs money in its treasury and expect to make as much as possible out of their annual labor holiday celebration and it is the object of the members for all to take part in deciding which offer will be the best and most profitable for the Council to accept, and at the same time keep harmony and good feeling within the ranks of every union affiliated with the central body.

We hope to see every delegate present, and let each representative go there with that spirit of unity and fraternity, which has marked the deliberations of the Council meetings in the past be manifest at this meeting tomorrow night and leave all feeling of discord and jealousy behind as he enters the hall. Let us act as men, as brothers, as one family of toilers working for each other's good in a common cause.

Notes.

Japan buys rails of France.

Shanghai has 15 cotton mills.

Siberia has 54 bituminous coal fields.

We pay $100,000,000 a year for coffee.

Chicago Woodworkers' Union No. 7 has appropriated $2,500 to carry on the strike against the Mill Men's Club.

Tonight the tonsorial artists will meet at Trades' Council hall in regular session. President Lober desires every artist to be on hand after shop hours.

The officials in charge of the iron and steel blast furnaces of Cleveland have signed the wage scale agreed upon at a conference of mill owners and represpetatives of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers.

The carpenters and car builders of the C., H. & D. have a promise of the other hour, thus restoring to them the full day's work, and the men are feeling happy over the expectation of being able to put in a "ringer" each week.

The hot nights are not very inviting to the members of the unions and the attendance at the meetings are not very large of late. It is not necessary to hold the meetings longer than from one to one and one-half hours, as all routine business can be easily disposed of in that time, unless, perhaps, there are questions of importance which must be discussed at some length which may keep the meeting longer, but nevertheless it is the duty of every member to be present at all meetings, as the concern of one is the concern of all.

Great show at Hover's park tonight.

Don't fail to read the want ads. in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you. tf

OILDOM.

Manhattan Oil Company Gets a Daisy Near Hartford City, Indiana.

The Manhattan Oil Company, of this city, drilled in one of the largest oil wells yet drilled in in the Indiana field a few days ago. The well is located on the Joshua Kelley farm, near Montpelier, and has been producing at the rate of four hundred barrels a day. The Manhattan has 160 acres of land surrounding the well and will put down many more wells.

THE MARKET.

Another day has rolled around without a change in the oil market. Reports from oil centers, however, show that the shipments continue to be in excess of the runs, and the prospects of another advance is very encouraging.

NOTES.

Maier Bros. & Co. shot their oil well in the Bluffton field Saturday morning. It made a good showing and it is expected it will yield rich results to its owners.

It is said that the big well which was drilled in on the Jeff Graham farm a few weeks ago, is gaining in its production, and is now one of the best in the east Hume pool.

The well of Zimmerman & Brownyar, in the same field, was also shot, Saturday, and has made a fine showing ever since. These gentlemen will start a rig for their No. 2 on the same farm.

Argue & Maire Bros. have a rig up for a well on the W. D. Bowsher farm, Hume field. A well was drilled in on this farm two years ago and proved worthless, but it is thought it would have been a paying well had it been properly handled. It is now generally thought that the connection between the Hume and Shawnee pools is made somewhere between the Delong, Bowsher, Strawbridge and Breese farms.—Spencerville Journal.

BAD MAN.

Bartley Stroger, a Colored Man, Makes a Vicious Assault

Upon Jack Kirby, a Mail Carrier, and Then Tries to Shoot Harry Johnston.

There was quite an exciting scene on the west side of the square about twelve o'clock Saturday night. Jack Kirby, a mail carrier, made some remark as Bartley Stoger was passing. Stoger is a bad man, having been arrested several times and at one time was arrested for shooting his wife. Stoger immediately took up the remark and went after Kirby in a very fierce manner, his colored companion assisting him. Harry Johnston interfered on behalf of Kirby, and after he had separated them knocked Stroger down. The latter jumped up and drawing a revolver, pointed it at Johnston and pulled the trigger, but happily the weapon failed to go off. Stroger was later arrested and is held on the charge of carrying concealed weapons and assault, and his chances of getting a good stiff fine are very encouraging.

Matinee at Hover's park tomorrow afternoon. A rich treat for the children.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENNY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by that firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE RED CROSS.

They, too, have heard the drum-beat,
They follow the bugle's call,
These who are swift with pity
On the field where brave men fall.

When the battle boom is silent,
And the echoing thunder dies,
They haste to the plain red sodden
With the blood of sacrifice.

The flag that floats above them
Is marked with a crimson sign,
Pledge of a great compassion
And the rifted heart Divine.

That once for man's redemption
Knew earth's completest loss,
These to the field of valor
Bring love's immortal cross.

And so they follow the bugle,
And heed the drum-beat's call,
But their errand is one of pity—
They succor the men who fall.
—Harper's Bazar.

THE OPOSSUM.

The opossum of fact and the opossum of fancy are not the same creatures. What I learn of it from the farmer and what the naturalists tell me are not wholly in accordance. There is a common ground upon which farmer and zoologist stand, and that is, when the animal in question makes its appearance, both assert that it is an opossum and that it feigns death when frightened. The farmer sees it as a common "varmint" that, of course, ought to be killed and can be eaten if your taste inclines that way; and the scientific man asserts learnedly that it is our only marsupial, is omnivorous, largely nocturnal, indolent and not particularly intelligent.

All things considered, the scientific view is the more nearly correct, and the average farmer has a good deal to learn about the animal. This, however, does not hold good of all our common animals. The practical knowledge of those who see wild animals at home is usually worth more than the theoretical views of these same wild animals entertained by students of skeletons and distorted skins.

The opossum is one of our few fur-bearing animals that is of little value; and although we see a good many of them in the markets, with rabbits and squirrels, they are not in general demand, and the skill of the chef has yet to prove equal to making it popular. As the animal is omnivorous and yet avoids what we term offensive matter as food, as carrion or decayed vegetation, there seems to be no good reason why opossum meat should not be a delicacy, but it certainly is not.

I speak from my own observations, and am aware that the animal is said to be a scavenger, and live in sewers, but this refers to the town-dwelling individual, and not to its healthy, normal country cousin with which we have to do; but it does not follow that a scavenger must necessarily revel in rottenness. I have kept many of these animals for weeks at a time and found them dainty feeders and disposed to fast indefinitely when only putrid meat or decayed vegetables were offered. Starvation leads to strange acts, whether among men or opossums, but I think it safe to say, what we consider unfit to eat is not preferred by an opossum to fresh food.

I have said that this animal is stupid, but certain features of its habits contradict the assertion. It enters large towns and outwits the dogs as readily as any rat can do, and without vision necessitating nocturnal habits, it is so far a feature of the night-side of nature that we need not look for it prowling about in the sunshine. It has learned to fit itself to conditions widely varying from those of its remote ancestry. Its dependence now is upon the sense of hearing and of smell to a far greater extent than formerly, although its sense of sight is excellent; but when we compare an opossum with some one of the species of weasles or with the raccoon or groundhog, we will find that it exhibits nothing to compare with these animals' vivacity and mental activity. There is a lack-luster look in the eyes of an opossum that suggests stupidity, and the animal being marsupial, it is what we should look for, compared with placental mammals.

The pouch of the female opossum has given rise to any number of odd conceits among the unobservant, and the climax of absurdity is reached in the assertion that the female creeps into its pouch in winter, just as a jumping mouse lies inside its snuggery of interwoven grass. It has been suggested, too, that it is a receptacle for surplus food. Such ideas can only have arisen from inattention and the fact that the female opossums with young in the marsupium are not frequently seen.

To catch an opossum unawares, and have a chance to observe it, without the animal suspecting your presence, is an incident that well repays the patient rambler. An opossum at such a time will tell you more about itself than any number of books can tell. Its gait, its curiosity, its suspicion, every phase of mental impression, is likely to be exhibited in quick succession, and to describe them in detail is impossible. We can deal only in the most general terms, but the spirit of the movement defies our words. Let anyone read the acknowledged best descriptions of any animal or bird and then go to the field or forest and see the creature for himself, and the truth of my statement that nature defies our description of it will be painfully apparent.

The last living opossum that I saw in much this way was walking in the bed of a dry ditch and making no effort to keep its presence a secret. It shuffled among the dead leaves, peeped in any number of little holes in the bank of the one-time stream and once stopped and very deliberately yawned. It caught one black cricket, crushed it to a shapeless mass with a quick snapping motion of its jaws, and then rejected the mass as if distasteful. At this moment I suddenly stepped forward and the opossum merely looked up and, parting its jaws widely, made a slight sound that might be described as a guttural hiss. When I stooped over the animal it did not change its position and scarcely protested when I lifted it from the ground by its tail, but kept its mouth open, yet made no effort to bite me. After teasing it for a few minutes, but not in a rude way, I put it down on the ground and stood by without moving. There was no attempt at "playing 'possum" or making believe that it was dead. On the contrary, it started to walk away as if nothing had happened. I stepped in front of it, and the animal merely stopped and looked at me. I made many threats to strike it in the face, but it only winked and patiently waited until I was ready to behave myself. Then I stepped again to one side and the creature, thinking I was tired of my impudence, walked unconcernedly away.

And so it ever is with the opossums that I meet. They are not disposed to feign death that they may escape molestation. If really injured, or given severe pain, they coil up and make the best of a bad bargain, and when left to themselves crawl away, if able to do so; but I question if they are not really wounded and often beyond recovery. It is one thing to be "frightened to death" or "scared out of one's wits" and to reason out deliberately so intricate a problem that the playing the part of a dead opossum will be the safest plan for the captured live opossum. To say that it is "instinctive," as I have heard so often, is rubbish.

The opossum's tail is more interesting to me than its head. It plays a most important part in the animal's arboreal life, and enables it to hold on to very slender twigs with safety, even when the wind is blowing at a very lively rate. Indeed, it is in late October, when the leaves have fallen and the persimmons are ripe and fox grapes, though shriveled, are fragrant and juicy still, that the opossum is at its best. It is now, when it hangs by its tail and with its head down, seeing the world reversed and sniffing the morning breeze from an airy outlook, that the opossum fills a large place in the autumnal landscape. To think of it now as a mere "gobbet of venison" is unaccountably prosaic. I would as soon think of cutting a steak from the crimson sunset.

It may be very illogical to speak of an animal that is with us all the year as peculiarly a creature of a season, but it is so of a great number that as a matter of fact are as likely to be seen in July as in January. Logical or not has nothing to do with it; it is the whim of the rambler that controls such things, and just as I expect to see jumping mice in June and muskrats in midwinter I look for the opossum in October. Its color, its habits, its deliberate, day-dreamy ways all accord with autumnal lights and shadows, and these seem the fittest background for muchw oapingus, as our Indians call this rather stupid animal, and they were fond of it, if the campfires of the Lenape can be accepted as testimony, for the bones of opossums are found abundantly among the ashes, with much else that went to the making of many a feast centuries before the white man had appeared to rob this region of nearly all its primeval glory and render miserable the lives of what little of wild life still ventures to tarry near us.—Philadelphia Press.

Pleasure Land Delayed.

"What's Bill Jones takin' so much time thumpin' that one case around for?" asked one railway employe of another.

"S-s-sh! Don't bother him. He's enjoying himself. That's the first case marked 'glass' that has come this way in a month."—Odds and Ends.

Artists at Work.

"Did I understand you to say your husband was upstairs at work on a bust?" asked the caller to the sculptor's wife.

"Yes; and the plumber's at work on one downstairs."—Yonkers Statesman.

At the Banquet.

"What a strange expression on Schultz's face!"

"Yes, he has either committed a murder or he expects to be called on for a speech."—Filegende Blaetter.

PRAIRIE PATHOS.

Sad Incident of the Opening of the Cherokee Strip in 1893

In the fall of 1893 I was sent to the Cherokee Strip opening as the representative of a newspaper. I arrived at Kansas City, Kan., the principal gateway, two weeks prior to the day appointed for the mad homestead rush. I made my headquarters there. More than 50,000 men, women and children were camped along the border. With other newspaper men I made daily tours among the camps, observing the strange scenes.

In one of the tents we met an old man who had traveled all the way from Tennessee mountains to find a home. With him was his wife and a bright, rosy daughter just turning into womanhood. The old man was hospitable and the newspaper men soon found his tent an agreeable place. The girl was interesting because she differed so widely from the city young woman. This Tennessee lassie was an expert rifle shot and could ride the wildest horse in the camp. The old mountaineer and his wife had their hearts set upon winning a home, and although there was an explicit order forbidding anyone to cross the boundary line until the opening signal, they could scarcely keep from breaking over.

United States cavalrymen, rough and brave, patrolled the frontier for the express purpose of holding in check the over-enthusiastic—"sooners," as they were called in border language. My old Tennessee friend counted the hours in sanguine expectation, waiting for the coming of "high noon, September 16," for that was the day President Cleveland and Secretary of the Interior Hoke Smith had ordered the soldiers to fire a volley as a sign for the rush.

Nearly an hour before the government signal guns were to boom the old man sat on his horse, looking wistfully across the untenanted prairie. He was just as near the line as the soldiers would permit. I saw him as I passed along the border.

"I'll drive my stakes less'n half a mile from here," he shouted.

Back in the tent a few hundred yards away the old man's daughter was toying with her rifle. The weapon was accidentally discharged. The old man strained his ears. He was certain he heard the report of a gun. It might be the signal to go. He dashed his spurs into the sides of his horse and was away.

"Halt!" cried a soldier.

The command was not heeded. The soldier raised his carbine and fired. The old man fell from his horse.

"'Pap is dead an' I mus' have killed him,' sobbed the poor mountain girl as she kneeled by his side.

A few minutes later, when the signal was given, other homeseekers dashed by the scene of death, and in the old man's hands, clenched in death grip, they saw a banner bearing the inscription:

"This claim is taken."—J. W. McCammon, in St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

PRESERVES FOR WILD BIRDS.

A Good Suggestion for the Preservation of Our Feathered Friends.

So deeply interested have the friends of the feathered tribe become in their preservation, that efforts are being made to establish preserves for wild birds. Game laws have proven wholly inadequate to protect many of our most interesting and attractive birds, and many varieties are threatened with entire extinction. In England, Wolmer Forest is suggested as a suitable park for this purpose. For the last two or three years earnest efforts have been made to protect a few of the most timid wild birds. Herons have in consequence multiplied rapidly, and other birds show decided evidences of increase. It would be well for the congress of the United States to pass a bill setting apart for this purpose some of the almost useless swamp lands in our domains. There are many tracts of no great value where wild birds of all sorts could find a refuge. The laws of protection should be supplemented with provisos inflicting the severest penalties for their violation. It should be made an offence to kill a wild bird within a certain limit of this reserved forest. Of course, the birds would emerge from their seclusion and fly about the neighborhood, but if they became troublesome they could be driven back by the firing of blank cartridges. Unless some special measures are taken, it will require but a few years to drive all of our choicest wild birds from our hedges, and they will in time perish entirely at the hands of cruel and avaricious sportsmen.

Birds' Nests in Moving Trains.

The passengers by two workmen's trains from New Barnet to London, England, were recently greatly interested in some of their traveling companions—two families of sparrows. The birds built a nest underneath a carriage of each train, and did not seem in the least disturbed by the journeys to and from town. One of the trains occasionally went on the long run to Skegness and back, and with it went the sparrows.—Pall Mall Gazette.

RAPID-FIRING GUNS.

Are Important Instruments of Destruction in Modern Naval Warfare.

The new weapon about which one hears the most during the present war is the so-called "rapid" or "quick-firing" gun, says Park Benjamin, in New York Independent. This is especially the gun of to-day, since its chief development has taken place within the last ten years. Of course all guns which throw projectiles in rapid succession are quick firing; but a distinction is made between the machine guns and the rapid-firing guns, the former being literally machines having many moving parts which cooperate to throw a great many small shells in a very brief period of time, and the latter being simply single-shot guns which use what is termed "fixed" ammunition; that is to say, instead of being loaded at the breech successively with a shell and then one or more cartridges and finally provided with a primer which is ignited when struck by the hammer of the lock, they have their projectile, charge and primer all combined, just as in the ordinary revolver or sporting small arm; and hence but one operation is necessary in loading. But as compared with the little metallic cartridge of one's pistol, the load of a big quick-firing gun is rather gigantic. For a gun of a caliber of five inches, the combined projectile and case measure nearly four feet in length and weigh about 95 pounds, while for the six-inch guns the total weight of the complete cartridge is about 135 pounds.

Fixed ammunition saves time in loading, and still more time is saved by arranging the door in the breech of the gun which is closed after the charge is put in, so that it can be very rapidly opened and shut by means of hand levers; and, lastly, the gun itself is so supported that it can be trained quickly upon its target. So that the "quickness" depends first upon the fact that you put in the whole charge at once, instead of in separate parts; second, upon the celerity with which the breech can be opened and closed, and third upon the ease of pointing; and as a consequence of all this, two shots can be fired in much less time than it would otherwise take to fire one; and for war purposes the man who does that is more useful, even, than the much-vaunted hero who coaxes two blades of grass out of the reluctant earth which ordinarily yields but a solitary stalk.

From what has been said it will be evident that the rapid-fire gun is by no means necessarily a small affair. True, there are little rapid fires which throw projectiles ranging in weight from one to six pounds; but the big ones of calibers of four, five and six inches are powereful enough to arm the lighter cruisers and gunboats all by themselves. The six-inch gun is over 20 feet long and weighs six tons. With the so-called Dashiell breech mechanism this gun has been fired ten times in two minutes and fifty-six seconds, or in about half the time required to deliver the same number of shots when the ordinary breech-closing devices were employed.

But of course speed of shooting will depend upon many factors. With such great cartridges as are required by the six-inch gun, the supply of ammunition is necessarily much slower than when the light charges of the one-pounder pieces are handled, and the thorough drilling of the men in the operations of loading also increases the rapidity of fire.

On board ship the quick-fire guns form the principal part of what is known as the secondary battery. Thus the Iowa in her main battery carries four 12-inch, eight 8-inch, and six 4-inch guns, and in her secondary battery 20 6-pounder and four 1-pounder quick-fires. They are used to destroy the ends of vessels which are protected only over their boilers and engines, to disable unshielded guns and gun machinery, and with the machine guns they are the great safeguard against attacks of torpedo boats; for it is well demonstrated that these light craft are powerless when confronted with a concentrated hail of quick-fire projectiles. The two Spanish boats which rushed upon Admiral Dewey's squadron at Manila were literally torn to pieces: and even the much larger and faster torpedo destroyers which attacked the Texas off Santiago de Cuba were driven back almost as soon as the searchlight revealed them.

Wasn't Looking for Damages.

After a recent railway collision a Scotsman was extricated from the wreckage by a companion who had escaped unhurt.

"Never mind, Sandy," his rescuer remarked, "it's nothing serious, and you'll get damages for it!"

"Damages?" roared Sandy. "Hae I no' had enough?" Guid sakes, it's repairs I'm seekin' noo."—Tit-Bits.

A Russian Reform.

By a decree of the czar, the metric system of weights and measures has been adopted for use throughout the Russian empire, and a commission has also been organized to consider the reform of the Russian calendar so as to harmonize with that prevailing in the other civilized countries.

What Is The Good

Of good printing? You can probably answer that in a minute when you compare good printing with poor. You know the satisfaction of sending out printed matter that is neat and up-to-date in appearance. You know how it impresses you when you receive it from some one else. Let us show you what we can do by a judicious mixture of brains and type. For the asking we will help you with your printing. Let us get you out some neat up-to-date stationery. We insure you perfect satisfaction, with prices lowest, consistent with good work.

The News Job Rooms,

Phone No. 417.

Qualifications.

Patriot—No, I couldn't land no cons'lar 'pointment. Admin'stration's decided not to send no rep'sent'tive 'broad unless they can speak French.

Ordinary Citizen—Ah, I thought it was English that was insisted upon.—Detroit Journal.

The Bank of France.

The Bank of France is four times as large as the Bank of England.

$14 ROUND TRIP FROM LIMA.

Tuesday July 19 and Wednesday Aug. 10. Choice of Ten Popular Resorts.

A Delightful Midsummer Outing by the Sea.

One of the ideal vacation trips is a visit to the seashore. Persons who may have participated in that enjoyment are annually anxious to repeat the experience. To those who may not have been that fortunate, a dip in the ocean, a stroll along the sandy beach and the myriads of pleasures at the disposal of the summer idler by the sea, have a peculiar charm. The largely patronized general excursions inaugurated last season by the Pennsylvania Lines from principal points in Ohio and Indiana brought out that fact. The announcement that the Pennsylvania System will this summer again run special low rate excursions to the seashore will no doubt will be welcome information to persons who may wish to spend highly enjoyable vacations along the ocean Tuesday, July 19 and Wednesday, August 10.

Wednesday, August 10th, has been fixed as the date for this season's general excursions to the seashore over the Pennsylvania Lines. On that date round trip tickets to ten of the most popular summer havens along the Atlantic Coast will be sold. The rate will be $14 from Lima. Passengers may visit either Atlantic City, Cape May, Anglesea, Avalon, Holly Beach, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Wildwood, New Jersey Rehoboth, Del., or Ocean City, Md.

Excursion tickets will be good returning eleven days including date of sale. Train arrangements will enable excursionists to go through without any discomfort. Sleeping Cars running through Philadelphia to Atlantic City without change via Delaware River Bridge Route will be included in the through car arrangements for these excursions, which will offer exceptional facilities for a delightful midsummer outing by the sea. The date on which they will be run is perhaps the dullest season of the year, when absence from home and business cares will be convenient.

For special information about time of trains and other details, and for descriptive matter of the ten resorts to which tickets will be sold, list of hotels at each, etc., please address F. A. Bauchens, Ticket agent, or C. L. Kimball, A.G.P. Agent, Cleveland, Ohio.

REDUCED FARES

To Various Points via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as indicated in the following paragraphs. Although concessions in fare are authorized for meetings of certain Orders, tickets may be obtained by any person whether a member of the Order or interested in the event. The reduced rates will be open to everybody.

To Saratoga, N. Y.—August 1st and 2d, account Young People's Christian Union, U. P. Church. Return limit August 10th, with privilege to extend until August 31st.

To Pittsburg, Pa.—October 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th good returning until October 17th, account Knights Templar Triennial Conclave. Return limit may be extended until October 31st.

During the excursion season special rates will also be in effect via Pennsylvania Lines for special and local events. For particular information please apply to nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines or address C. L. Kimball, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, Ohio.

C. H. & D. EXCURSIONS.

Toledo every Sunday via C. H. & D., only $1 for the round trip.

Religious Meeting, Linwood Park, Vermilion, O., August 2-22, 1898—Agents of the C. H. & D. Ry. north of and including Dayton will sell tickets at the rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold August 1st to 22d inclusive, good going date of sale, good returning from Vermilion up to and including August 31st, 1898.

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NewspaperARCHIVE®

A VICARIOUS PENANCE.

Twenty Generations of One Family Have Borne a Cross in Seville's Holy Week Procession.

The self imposed penance of the fathers in Seville would seem, even as the weight of their sins, to be visited upon their children unto the last generation of their seed At least, it is true that the staggering youth before us is the twentieth of his name and line who has done vicarious penance for the sins of his forefather, a celebrity of the sixteenth century, who looked "on beauty charming" with the eyes of Don Juan Tenodio. He was finally captured, the legend relates, by a Barbary corsair, and carried a prisoner to Oran, where, manacled and chained, he spent many a long and weary day wishing that he were dead. But while he pined hopelessly in prison he made a solemn vow that, should he ever regain his liberty, he would walk barefooted, and humbly bearing his cross, behind the Christ of the Great Power in every madrugada, or morning procession; and, further, he vowed that he would make the annual accomplishment of this vow a charge upon his estate for all time, by providing that, should any one of his male descendants fail in its performance his portion of the estate should go to enrich the foundation of a convent

There have been no defaulters among the old gallant's heirs, and though the present bearer of the proud name is a perfumed and scented nobleman, a duke of Seville and a grandee, he did not shrink from the sacrifice necessary to keeping the money in the family And I regret to say that, as he came meekly along in this strange guise, his appearance excited much amusement among the other pollos, whose inheritance had come to them without so unpleasant a condition, and at the sight of his bruised and bleeding feet much money was wagered on the question of whether he would be able to lead the cotillon at the duke of Alba's on Easter Monday

But perhaps the strangest of all the array of silent maskers who followed the Christ of the Great Power was a little girl of some 12 summers, clothed in her communion robes weird and ghostly apparel for this the dark hour before the dawn Her eyes were blindfolded, and unlike the hoods of the Nazarenes there was not left the smallest aperture through which she might look to choose and pick her way She carried a golden chalice in one hand while with the other she groped and felt her way Every now and then misled by the deceiving echo of the music, she would turn out of the way, now to the right, and now to the left Once she stumbled and fell and when she rose in her confusion started to walk back the way she had come, but the Nazarenes caught her by the hand and directed her on her way again The little girl in the white communion dress symbolized that faith which is blind —Stephen Bonsal, in Century

THE KING OF CURIOS.

He Needed Only the Treasure at the End of the Rainbow to Complete His Collection.

The old king of curios was an enthusiastic collector of everything strange or rare, and he spared neither pains nor time nor money in adding to his treasures A slight idea of the value of his collection may be gained from the fact that it contained, among other curiosities, the cloak of Little Red Riding Hood, a nightcap of one of the Seven Sleepers, the tuffet on which sat Miss Muffet, the pail of Simple Simon, a chimney pot from the house that Jack built, and pickled peppers picked by Peter Piper.

Now it happened, one day, that the king heard of the treasure at the end of the rainbow, and nothing would do but he must have that; and he forthwith summoned the chancellor of the exchequer.

Oh, but really, your majesty" said that functionary, "there is only just enough money in your majesty's coffers to meet the expenses of the state, and we had to raise a loan on part of the regalia to get the peppers It is against the law to put an extra tax on the people, or we might do it in that way. Oh, dear!" he ended, ruefully; "if we can't, how can we?"

The difficulty of the position only increased the king's desire He passed sleepless nights in consideration, and then issued a proclamation.

"Oyes! Oyes! Oyes! Whose shall bring to his majesty the treasure at the end of the rainbow shall marry his daughter, her royal highness the peerless Princess Bloochina. And may the king live forever!"

It was indeed a most tempting prize, for the lady was celebrated for her beauty and goodness. Two princes, four barons, a lion tamer, a thistle-sifter, the owner of a Jerusalem pony, and a score of other adventurers immediately resolved to try their luck. But six months of hardship was quite enough for the princes. As to the barons, they traveled together for company, but continually squabbled over trifles—such as who should go first. Some of the suitors thought the treasure was far out on the ocean, and could not reach it for seasickness; others lost themselves in wandering over the mountains, and so it fell out that, at the end of a year and a day, all but one had returned to their homes and given up the quest as quite hopeless —A E. Bouser, in St. Nicholas

In a Hurry.

"They've taken to embalming pet dogs in the east," he said.

"Oh, isn't that just too lovely!" she exclaimed "That's what I'll have done to Fido"

"Just the thing!" he returned, suddenly growing enthusiastic himself. "Give him to me and I'll have it done to-day."—Chicago Post.

THIS AND THAT.

Flax has been successfully grown near Victoria, Tex

In Milwaukee there is a full brass band composed exclusively of policemen.

In London, out of 100 widowers who marry again, 12 marry their housekeepers.

Among the foreign sailors in the British marine 9,000 are Scandinavians, 5,000 Germans and 2,000 Russians.

The international postal congress elected the fact that two-thirds of the mail of the world is addressed in English.

Codfishes weighing 26 pounds have been caught lately in the Penobscot river, whence their species disappeared 50 years ago, driven away by sawdust from the lumber mills.

Padlocks are being manufactured with an auxiliary chamber which carries an explosive to be fired by a hammer inside the lock and give an alarm when the lock is tampered with.

The original greening-apple tree is still standing on the farm of Solomon Drowne at Mount Hygeia, in North Foster, R I The tree was a very old one when the farm was sold in 1801.

The trustees of New Hampshire savings banks are required to have the books of all depositors examined and verified every third year The examination must be made by some person who is not the treasurer or his clerk

Debtors in Siam, when three months in arrears, can be seized by the creditors and compelled to work out their indebtedness Should a debtor run away, his father his wife or his children may be held in slavery until the debt is canceled

There is an Arabic proverb that the date tree wants water at its feet and fire at its head Experiments made in irrigated parts of southern California and Arizona show that good dates can be raised in this country.

APPLIED TO HEADQUARTERS.

How the Drummer Brought the Disagreeable Operator to Terms

A commercial traveler wanted to know if the train was late and ventured to ask the operator in the ticket office

"Dawnaw," replied the gentleman of the keys, meaning, probably, "I don't know"

"But I am told it is an hour and a half late," persisted the grip distender, smilingly "You surely could tell me if that is true"

"Dawnawnathawnboutut," replied the knight of the sounding board, turning the back of his head to the questioner.

"But it is highly desirable that I should know," smiled the gatherer of orders still more pleasantly "I can make three business calls in that hour and a half, and still have 15 minutes margin Don't you think you had better find out for me? It will take you only a minute or two, you know"

"Finownoth," replied the lightning manipulator, probably meaning, "Find out nothing" And he began reading the advertisement columns of a daily paper paying no more attention to the interlocutor

"This is a commercial as well as a railroad telegraph office?" inquired our traveler, in the blandest tones yet used during the conversation

"Yah," replied the operator, meaning "Yes"

"A telegraph blank, please?"

The unfinished document was half thrown at him He leisurely wrote a message and handed it to the other, with the money to pay for it

The operator commenced reading it, hitting the words, one by one, with his pencil to count them Before he was half through he ceased hitting, and looking startledly at the writer.

"Good sakes, man, I can't send this!" he exclaimed, giving, this time, each word its full sounds "I'd lose my position!"

"And you'll lose it if you don't I fear," replied his amiable tormentor, sympathizingly "You've no right to hold it back a minute"

The operator nervously read it over again It ran:

"Superintendent Railroad—Will you kindly tell me how many minutes late is train No. ——? It is very important that I should know, and your operator here refuses to inform me."

"Look here, now," exclaimed the operator, ignoring his newspaper and everything else except the traveler, "I really wish you wouldn't insist on sending this. I think I must be somewhat in the wrong, and I—I—beg your pardon I can find out for you in two minutes"

"Yes, I thought perhaps you could," replied the other, returning the money to his pocket, and exploting the sweetest smile of the day, in which he was joined by several bystanders, while the operator fairly exuded information —Every Where.

Cordage on a Man-of-War

The total cordage required for a first-rate man-of-war weighs about 80 tons, and exceeds $15,000 in value. —Galveston News.

RHYMES OF RECENT DATE.

The Maine Speaks.

For all the glory of my pride and strength,
For all the fame I've known and seas I've sailed,
Only the blackened iron's shattered length
Bears witness—for the promise that has failed
No more for me the thunders of the fight,
No more for me to feel the great guns rear
And yet, though shorn of all my hope and might,
My day of triumph's near, my triumph's near

Perforce deserted for a little time,
I hear the mocking of the foe afore,
These braggarts, gloating o'er a futile crime,
Who soon must reap the harvest they have sown.
I watch the city's fortresses prepare,
And in their haste I see their lurking fear;
For all their boasts, there's panic in the air—
My day of triumph's near, my triumph's near.

The open sea is hidden from my sight,
But yet I know the fleet is gathering there,
My comrades stripped, and eager for the fight,
The great republic's sleuth hounds, from their lair
And when the ships come fighting up the bay
They'll find me waiting . . Hark! Is that a cheer!
They've come! My comrades of the old sea way!
My day of triumph's here, my triumph's here!
—Hartford Daily Courant.

The Afterlight.

When the sun has vanished behind the hills
and the flame and rose have died
From the clouds that wait on his splendid state and the heaven's wide,
Before the shadows upon its marge have deepened to purple night
The world is rimmed and the twilight brimmed with the glow of the afterlight.

There's a milk white star in the gleaming west like a pearl on a silver sea
And the crystal cup of the sky is blue of a flawless purity,
And a wind is loosened far away that over the meadows blown,
Comes with the murmur of river pines and the ocean's dreamful tone

'Tis a brief brief space between parting day and the coming of dusk and dew
When we put behind us our cares and tears and fill our souls anew
With a gleam of hope and a sense of rest and a prayer before the night,
In the holy silence of earth and sky—the time of the afterlight
—L. M. Montgomery in Congregationalist.

The Persimmons

Oh a little persimmon grew high on a tree—
Or a tree—on a tall tall tree!
And a little boy said "It is growing for me
But I have to a pole that can reach it," said he—
The persimmon that grew on the tree.

Oh, a little persimmon grew high on a tree—
On a tree—on a tall tall tree!
And another boy said "It is right overhead,
And when I grow big I can reach it," he said—
The persimmon that grew on the tree.

And while they were talking another boy came
To the tree—to the tall, tall tree
And he jerked his short jacket and climbed to the top
While they shouted below "He will drop! He will drop!
He was fond of persimmons, he collared the crop
Of persimmons that grew on the tree!
—Atlanta Constitution

The Usual Programme.

When a crisis assails you, look carefully 'round.
Don't rush into action where dangers abound,
Be sure that you think it all o'er once or twice,
And never be backward in asking advice.

Never fear that your friends will be cautious and coy
They'll stop in the midst of their duties with joy
To hear you describe your dilemma clear through
And tell you just what they think you should do

Don't let your own judgment a barrier be
Go on through the list, though they all disagree,
Till some one at last recommends your pet plan
Then take his advice He's a sensible man
—Washington Star

Close to Ninety.

Here now I stand, upon life's outer verge,
Close at my feet an ocean wide and deep,
Dark sullen silent and without a surge,
Where earth's past myriads lie in dreamless sleep
'Tis here I stand without a thrill of fear,
In loneliness allied to the sublime
The broken links of love that bound me here
Lie scattered on this treacherous shoal of time.
But still I cling to friends who yet remain,
Cling to the glorious scenes that round me lie
Striving to stay the haste of years in vain
As swifter yet the winged moments fly.
Idly, I seek the future to explore,
I partly know what is but naught that is before.
—John Howard Bryant, in Albany Argus

Lullaby.

The wind's in the west,
The birds are at rest,
The little star sheep
Gambol o'er the blue lea;
The moon shepherdess,
In a lovely gold dress,
Comes bringing sweet dreams
To my baby and me

The white lilies sleep
Where the night breezes creep,
The jasmine's perfume
Through the casement is blown;
A whippoorwill calls,
Each plaintive note falls
A lullaby sweet to my baby, my own.
—Lula Cooke Don Carlos, in Youth's Companion

Heredity.

We pride ourselves, in weighing worth and merit,
Too much on virtues that we but inherit.
Some punctural grandsire makes us hate delay,
And we are proud to keep our oath and day;
But our ancestral follies and abuses
We still indulge and make for them excuses.
Let him be proud—dared man be proud at all—
Who stands where all his fathers used to fall,
Holding their virtues fast and passing on
To higher good through his own victories won.
—Isaac Ogden Rankin, in Youth's Companion

Lady Whim.

Last night when Jack sat in that chair
My heart was cold—I teased him well.
He should not kiss my hand or hair,
One word of love I would not tell.

But now he is not here—ah, me!
All dark my day with dull despair!
How fond a sweetheart I would be
To-night if Jack sat in that chair.
—Chicago Record.

INDEPENDANT IN ALL THINGS---NEUTRAL IN NONE

"Advertising is like learning—A LITTLE is dangerous."—P. T. Barnum.

"Frequent and constant advertising brought me all I own."—A. T. Stewart.

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More War News
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More Labor News
More Feminine News
It Reaches the Buyers

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If you buy a dollar's worth of Dry Goods at this store, ask for a ticket that will admit you to the entertainment at Hover Park Auditorium.

PARASOL PLUMS.

It's harvest time now in the sunshade stock, and we don't propose to be caught napping. Price reductions prevail---liberal reductions made with a view to closing out the stock while the demand is at its height.

Fancy Parasols at $1.00, worth $1.75.
Fancy Parasols at 1.25, worth 1.75.
Fancy Parasols at 1.50, worth 2.25.
Fancy Parasols at 1.75, worth 2.50.
Fancy Parasols at 2.00, worth 3.00.
Fancy Parasols at 2.50, worth 4.00.
Fancy Parasols at 3.50, worth 5.00.
Fancy Parasols at 5.00, worth 6.50.

Remnants of Summer Wash Goods

Quite a large lot of Choice Summer Wash Goods Remnants will be put on sale tomorrow. Remnants at half and less than half of their regular selling price.

Embroidery Sale.

4 1-2 yards strips of Embroideries at 1-3 and 1-2 less than their regular values. Two hundred styles to select from.

You cannot hesitate now---the values wont allow it. Every lady ought to see these 4 1-2 yards strips of Embroideries. You may not need them for the present, but it may pay you to secure such a bargain as these now.

G. E. BLUEM.

57 Public Square.

The Popular Dry Goods, Dress Goods and Suit House.

EVENTS TONIGHT.

German Red Men.
City Council.
F. & A. M., No. 205.
Tailors' Union.
J. B. I. U. of A., 58.
Colored I. O. O. F.
I. O. F. Court, 560.
Lima Camp, Modern Woodmen.

ABOUT THE CITY.

Late Local News in a Condensed Form For the Busy Readers.

The vocal concert at McCullough's lake Sunday evening was a very enjoyable affair.

The Choral Society will hold a picnic at Hover's park tomorrow afternoon and evening.

St. Raphael's Catholic church was dedicated at Springfield yesterday with appropriate ceremonies.

The W. R. C. will meet in Memorial Hall this evening at 7 o'clock to finish bandages for Co. C.

The races at Faurot's driving park Saturday afternoon were very exciting and deserved a larger attendance.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Curtis, of Zanesville, a baby boy. Mrs. Curtis was formerly Miss Emma Haller, of this city.

Wapak is making up a fund to erect a monument to Elmer E. Mayer, of Co. L, 2d Regt., the first from the town to die in this war.

George Hull wants to run for Congress in the Toledo district. That is not surprising; George is usually the Hull thing when he is around in or out of a job.—Delphos Courant.

Wm. Morrison, a rig builder, of south Pine street, while at work on a derrick in the Bluffton field Saturday, buried a broad ax in his left leg just below the knee, and will be laid up for some time on account of the injury.

A case of small pox was reported from the Delphos road, just north of this place, Monday. The township board of health made an investigation and it turned out to be a case of chicken pox.—Spencerville Journal.

There was another flag raising Saturday afternoon. This time the employes at Deisel & Company's cigar factory, on west Wayne street, unfurled the stars and stripes. Robert Plate, employed as bookkeper, delivered an address on the American flag and a number of salutes were fired from a small cannon.

Cridersville Record: Saturday evening John Brennen, a junk dealer, of Lima, was brought into Squire Bowsher's court to answer to a charge of stealing junk from Marion LaViness. His Honor, after a preliminary hearing bound Brennen over to the court of common pleas. Bond was furnished and the prisoner returned home to the bosom of his family.

PERSONAL.

Late Record of Limaites Abroad and Visitors in the City.

H. Lichtenstader has gone east.

W. B. Richie is in Toledo today on business.

Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Kramer are in Cleveland.

E. W. Hiner was in Leipsic on business today.

Mrs. Howard Hyde is home from a visit in Pittsburg.

Harry Holdworth spent Sunday at Fort Wayne, Ind.

T. H. Hoover and wife left for Mackinac Saturday.

Mr. E. Stollkamp, of Delphos, was in the city today on business.

Mrs. John McNeff, of north McDonald street, is visiting in Sidney.

Ernest Bissell and wife are entertaining Mrs. Simpson, of Columbus.

Mrs. S. G. Hopkins, of Portsmouth, O., is here making a pleasant visit.

Irene Avery is in Greenville spending part of her vacation with friends.

Mrs. Wiesenthal and son, Sol, spent Sunday in Wapak, the guest of Mrs. Hirsch.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Fielder, of Kenton, spent Sunday with Miss Doshia Verbryke.

Mrs. Henry Vortkamp and children went to Cincinnati yesterday for a six weeks' visit.

Miss Bertha Lee is at the home of her sister, Mrs. Geo. Paullis, for an extended visit.

Mrs. Lerch and children leave tomorrow for Adrain on an extended visit with her people.

Jack Edmonds, of the Croninger Jewelry Factory, Cincinnati, was home yesterday with his wife.

Dr. VanNote returned yesterday from his vacation on the St. Lawrence and in the White Mountains.

The Misses Kate Musner and Celia Martin, of the South Side, are guests of friends at McCartyville, O.

Miss Maud Fichthorn, a former Lima girl, but now of Bellefontaine, is the guest of Caroline Agerter.

Mrs. Weber and daughter, of Greenville, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Avery, left today for home.

Miss Seeney, of Toledo, arrived here Saturday afternoon and accompanied C. D. Crites and wife to Petoskey.

Mrs. Dr. C. D. Peck, of Sandusky, is in the city the guest of her cousin, Mrs. J. H. Upp, of west North street.

Adam Schaffer, one of Auglaize county's prominent politicians, is here today from Wapakoneta, booming the Auglaize county fair.

Mrs. Charley Stolzenbach and children, of north Union street, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Mary Hickey, are in Utica, Ohio, for an extended visit.

Miss Gertrude Kendell, bookkeeper in the office of the Lima Railway Company, is enjoying her vacation in Cleveland, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Harry Jamison.

Mrs. Sol Lichtenstader, who has been the guest of relatives, left yesterday for her home in Cleveland, accompanied by Mrs. N. L. Michael and daughter, Irene.

Frank Klatte, the popular young salesman at E. M. Gooding's shoe store, returned last night from an extended visit in Jamestown, N. Y., and other eastern cities.

THE PROGRAM

For the benefit concert to be given by the Knights of the Golden Eagle at Hover park, July 21, has been completed and is certainly worth the price of admission, and is given in full below:

Address.....Rev. I. J. Miller
Instrumental Duet.....Piano and Violin
Miss Lillian Kline and Ralph Lewis.
Solo.....Selected
Mayme Peat.
Recitation—"Cuban Crisis"....Lizzie Stants
Solo.....Selected
Mrs. Bacon.
Delsarte Drill.....
Mrs. Lenore Evans Crumrine and Class.
Baritone Solo—"My Sweetheart's Gone Down With the Maine" Frank Wheeler
Recitation.....Grace Huntley
Solo—"For All Eternity".....Mascheroni
(Violin and piano accompaniment by Prof. Frey and Prof. Dana.)
Mrs. R. H. Ebersole.
Piano Duet.....Misses Peat and Lehmann
Delsarte Posing.....
Mrs. Lenore Evans Crumrine and Class.
Solo—"Who is at Window".....
.....Miss Permilla Simons
Piano Solo.....Clarence Clary
Duet.....Selected
Mr. and Mrs. Ebersole.
Male Quartette.....
Messrs. Dana, Simpson, Cotner and Bogardus.

Admission, 25 cents; children, 10 cents.

LAST SUNDAY

Tidd Sold 100 Gallons of Ice Cream—The Best Made.

Tidd's ice cream parlor is open at all times and is prepared to supply cream of the best make to all private and public picnics, socials or excursion parties at the most reasonable rates. Cream delivered to any part of the city on short notice. Send in your orders or call at Tidd's ice cream parlors, 208 east North street. 2 3

Thousands of persons have been cured of piles by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals promptly and cures eczema and all skin diseases. It gives immediate relief. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North.

THE WAGES OF SIN.

An Indiscretion Costs Lena Beerline Her Life.

COUNTRY GIRL ATTEMPTS

To Conceal Her Shame, and Dies in the Throes of Mortal Agony—She is Deserted by Friends and Relatives—Cruelly Turned Down by Her Sisters—Dr. Beam Arrested.

One of the saddest and at the same time one of the most horrible crimes that has graced the police docket in this city for many years, was developed yesterday afternoon, when at the instigation of Coroner Burton and Health Officer Laudick, Chief of Police Watts who arrested Dr. U. S. Beam, a colored physician.

The case is enveloped in mystery and surrounded with many unspeakable details, and yet tells a sad story of suffering and death that would make an interesting theme for the humanitarian. A poor girl, an outcast in the world, deserted in her last hour by relatives and friends at the last moment, thought to conceal her shame even though death itself be the penalty.

The initiative of the story was about the first of July when Lena Beerline, a domestic and dressmaker who since her residence in this city has resided in upstairs rooms, on North Main street, went to Dr. U. S. Beam, a colored physician, and told the story of her indiscretion and shame.

It seems the girl had already asked three other doctors in the city to perform a criminal operation, which they all promptly refused to do. The girl as a last resort called on Dr. Beam and after explaining her position and making the doctor understand what she wanted, a price of $15, it is said, was named for the work and agreed upon.

According to agreement at Dr. Beam's office and under his supervision and care, it is stated further, the dastardly act was done on the afternoon of July 1st. On July 3d, Sunday, the girl was very sick and lay unconscious for hours, and her death was hourly expected. She revived after a time, however, and on the morning of the 4th of July the change came, and the doctor supposed his patient was on a fair way to recovery, and omitting details supposed the "pons assanorum" had been passed. For a few days the girl appeared to get better. After that, however, there was a change and for days she lay in the shadow of death, almost unwatched and unattended, when she grew so much worse that those who were about her sent many times for Dr. U. S. Beam. He apparently had become frightened and refused to answer the call.

In the meantime the girl was suffering misery and pain untold. Other physicians were sent for and responded, and when they became acquainted with the details of the case, they fled with hands upheld in horror. Dr. Laudick was the last apprised of the condition of affairs, and regardless of results and without money and without price he took the case when the girl was virtually at death's door and labored with her for days, in vain attempt to save her life.

The good Samaritan had come too late. She was beyond all human help and care when Dr. Laudick appeared in the case, and yesterday afternoon, eighteen days after the operation, she paid the penalty of her indiscretion with her life.

It seems after a careful investigation of the facts in the case, that while perhaps the operation was the primary cause of the unfortunate girl's death the awful result was superinduced by neglect and want of care, and to use the expression of the physicians who have looked into the case: "The neglect was criminal and should be severely punished."

The dead girl came here recently from a country village—Geyer—in Auglaize county, where her parents, who are quite wealthy and very respectable people, now reside.

Yesterday, in the presence of police officials and coronor and the attend-physician, fully realizing that her death was at hand, she made a dying declaration in which she charged Dr. U. S. Beam with performing a criminal abortion.

The death scene was an impressive one, and brought tears to the eyes of the strong hearted physicians and police officials. The girl knew she was dying and has two sisters residing in South Lima. These are the only friends or relatives she has in this city. They were sent for and heartlessly refused to come, saying she died as the fool dieth, and that she had forfeited all claims of relationship to decent people.

The girl called for her sisters in her dying delerium, and in tears and incoherent prayers she died.

Chief Watts last night sent two officers after Dr. Beam, and he appeared before Mayor Prophet and pleaded not guilty to the charge opposite his name, and was bound over to await the action of the grand jury, and his bail placed at the sum of $1,000. The bond was furnished by Mr. Homminger, the colored tonsorial artist.

Dr. Beam said to-day that he performed the operation, but that he did it only as a medical necessity and that he could establish his innocence at the proper time.

Public feeling is very strong against the doctor however, and it is to be hoped he can clean his skirts of the miserable affair. He is a young man, recently located in this city, and has already won the esteem of his people here, and was in a fair way to succeed, but he will be ruined forever, here, unless he can establish his innocence.

The deceased was about thirty years old and came here from Geyer, Auglaize county, where the remains will be taken for interment.

It was given out at police headquarters today that Robert Graham, who resides near St. John, was the betrayer of the dead girl and that he will be arrested and prosecuted along with Dr. Beam. It is not proven whether or not he was in any way responsible or in any way implicated in the scheme which resulted so fatally for the girl.

Wonderful Values in

WHITE GOODS.

They're a bargain ahead of anything you have seen in a long time, and without doubt the most desirable goods one could possibly buy.

White Dimities in all the pretty checks, stripes, plaids and lace effects, cheap at 15c, in this sale at **9c**

White Dimities in all the pretty checks, stripes, plaids and lace effects, cheap at 20c, in this sale at **11c**

Mid-Summer Bargains All Through the Store.

Ladies' Crash Skirts at..... 48c
Linen Skirts and Suits at special values.
$1.50 and $1.98 Shirt Waists, now..... 98c
75c Shirt Waists, now..... 49c
50c Belts, now..... 35c
25c Shirt Waists Sets, now..... 19c
Parasols that were $2.50 and $3.00, now..... $1.98
Parasols that were $3.98 and $4.50, now..... $2.98
Best $1.00 White Chamois Gloves..... 79c
Pretty Corset Covers at..... 25 and 50c
Summer bargains in Hosiery.
Summer bargains in Knit Underwear.

Feldmann & Co

209 and 211 N. Main St.

BIG SENSATION

At the Railroad Wreck Sale, Opposite the Court House

The terrible slaughter of prices in clothing and shoes at the Railroad Wreck Sale, has caused a big sensation. It is no wonder: fine Suits for men, all to match at $2.98, worth $12.00. Good, durable, stylish shoes, 98c, worth $3.50. Fine shoes for (Ladies' Vici Kid) $1.49, worth $5.00. Good working pants, 63c, worth $2.50. Fine dress pants, $1.49, worth $5.00. Fine dress shirts, 21c, worth $2.00. Neckties, all shades, 2c, worth 25c, and 30,000 other bargains too numerous to mention. Remember, only a few more days. Avail yourselves of this one grand opportunity to get clothing, shoes, etc., at your own price. RAILROAD WRECK SALE,
North Main street, opposite Court House.

Sample Lot Sale.

We have just received a large lot of Men's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes, and the same will be placed on sale tomorrow, Saturday, July 16, at one-third off. These are sample lots and are big bargains. Come and take them while they last.

THE HUB SHOE STORE.

fri&mon

Sick headache, biliousness, constipation and all liver and stomach troubles can be quickly cured by using those famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They are pleasant to take and never gripe. H. F. Vortkamp, north east corner North and Main.

Don't fail to read the want ads. in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you. tf

IN THE LAST CHARGE

Of the Battle at Santiago Johnnie Dunn, of This City, Received His Injuries.

Johnnie Dunn, of this city, who was wounded in the battle at Santiago has written home. He is now located at Fort McPherson, Ga., and writes that he expects to return to Lima in about one month. The letter was received by his sister, Mrs. Madigan, and contained a very interesting account of the battle. Among other things he stated that he received his injuries in the last charge made, and hobbled to the hospital about one mile distant, where he found 1500 wounded soldiers dying at the rate of one every two hours. The letter contained many things of importance but his relatives preferred that the contents not be made public.

A Snap.

The street cars are already running through Meily's addition. Paving on west Wayne street to this addition commences next Monday, and paving on west North street to this addition is already approved by the city council. There is no part of this wonderful little city where such wondrous strides forward are as certain; no place where a home would be more desirable, and no place where it will be as sure to grow into money. Present prices can not long be had with all these improvements. Come quick and join the thrifty, foreseeing boys that are investing and arranging to build houses.

CURTIS F. ASH, Agent,
Opera House Block.

Free Tickets.

Free tickets to Hover Park auditorium with every pair of shoes at Gooding's, 230 north Main street.

FOR PURE WINES, WHISKIES AND BRANDIES, GO TO THE CALIFORNIA WINE CO.

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